Yemen: Sanctions on Iraq unjustified

SANAA (R) - Yemen called Sunday for economic sanctions on Iraq to be lifted, saying they were no longer justified. "The economic embargo on Iraq has no justification now. It must end immediately," Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Al Iryani told Yemen's official news agency in an interview.

"The Yemeni republic called and will continue to call for the end of the dangers facing the children, women, old and sick people in Iraq," Mr. Iryani said, referring to reports from Iraq which speak of acute shortages and malnutrition among children. Yemen, together with a handful of Arab states, was sympathetic towards Iraq during the Gulf crisis and opposed the presence in Saudi Arabia of the U.S.-led multinational force which evicted Iragi forces from Kuwait in February. Sudan has called for the lifting of the sanctions and said it was prepared to send it medical supplies. Yemen's perceived pro-Iraqi stand cost its cashistrapped treasury millions of dollars in remittances lost when Saudi Arabia; leading an anti-Iraq, Arab alliance, sent home hundreds of thousands of expatriate Yemeni workers.

The state of the s Volume 16 Number 4809

AMMAN MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1991, RABIE' AL AWAL 15, 1412

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

King receives message

PTEMBER,

iti embassi

yyee charge

Periotonical

şþ£

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein Sunday received a message from President of Czechoslovakia Vaclav Havel. The message was delivered to the King by the Czechoslovak deputy foreign minister, Dr. Martin Palous, at an audience at the Royal Court. Dr. Palous arrived here Saturday on a four day officials visit to Jordan for talks regional developments, the propwith senior Jordanian officials on means of developing bilateral relations. The audience was attended by the King's military secretary, His Royal Highness Prince Talal Ibn Mohammad, the Czechoslovak Foreign Ministry's Middle East Department director and the Czechoslovak ambassa dor to Jordan, Frantisek Dolezel. Earlier Sunday, Prime Minister Taher Masri received Dr. Palous and discussed with him the latest developments in the region and means of enhancing relations between both countries.

King congratulates Ps in iniani Saudi Arabia

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Sunday sent a cable to King Fahd Ben Abdul Aziz of Saudi Arabia congratulating him on his country's national day and - - wishing him continued good health and happiness and the Saudi people further progress and

israel upset over * access to scrolls

TEL AVIV (AP) — Israel has warned a California library that giving scholars access to microflim of the Dead Sea scrolls would be a breach of contract, Amir Droni, director of Israel's antiquities authority, said Sunday. Mr. Drori said Israel had allowed the 800 scrolls, recovered from caves in the Dead Sea between 1947 and the early 1950s, to be photographed in 1980 in case they were damaged or destorved. Copies were given to three in-stitutions with the written understanding that they would not be allowed to use without our -- agreement," Mr. Drori said in an interview. He said two of the institutions were in the United States and one in England (see

Italian premier arrives in Moscow

MOSCOW (R) — Italian Prime Minister Giulio Andreotti arrived in Moscow Sunday for two days) of talks on economic cooperation, TASS news agency said. During the visit Mr. Andreotti is due to meet Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev and Russian President Boris Yeltsin. "The visit has obviously been prompted by the need to assess the situation in the Soviet Union and discuss economic cooperation in the new circumstances caused by the republics' drive for sovereignty and economic independence," TASS

- 3 killed in **Gaza Strip**

aboti

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) - Three Palestinians suspected of collaborating with Israeli anthorities were found dead Sunday in the occupied Gaza Strip, Israeli and Palestinian sources said. Military sources said the body of Hayari Said Al Masri, 30, was found in Khan Yunis. Bassam Sendi, 24, was shot dead by masked men in the Rafah refugee Hamp, Palestinians said. Israel Television reported the body of a third man was found in the Deir Al Balah refugee camp.

Kabul calls for more U.N. aid

: ISLAMABAD (R) — The Afghan parliament called on the United Nations Sunday to do more to ensure adequate food and medical supplies for Afghanistan this coming winter. Kabul Radio said a parliamentary resolution also expressed support for a five-point U.N. framework ior talks on negotiating an end to the 13-year-old Afghan war. The Soviet Union, which has sustained the Afghan government with hope shipments of food, fuel and weapons since the last Soviet troops left in 1989, agreed with the United States this month to cad arms supplies by Jan. 1.

U.S. Jewish leaders said to warn Israel against settlements

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — American Jewish leaders have warned Israel that settlement building in the occupied territories is damaging their lobbying on Israel's be-half in Washington, newspapers reported Sunday.

Front-page reports in Maariv and Hadashot suggested a widening rift between Israel and its American Jewish supporters over how to deal with President George Bush's insistence on delaying consideration of loan guarantees to Israel.

It also came as Israel Radio and newspapers reported plans tobreak ground Tuesday for a settlement bordering on the occu-pied West Bank. They said Prime dinister Yitzhak Shamir would attend the ceremony.

The settlement is apparently part of a network of outposts planned by Housing Minister Ariel Sharon along the Israel-West Bank border, with the aim of blurring the frontier out of

Maariv said the criticism arose Friday in a meeting in New York between Ziman Shoval, Israel's ambassador to Washington, and leaders of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organisations, an umbrel-

ference, with Palestine Libera-

tion Organisation (PLO) Chair-

man Yasser Arafat saying they

needed further assurances on the

Mr. Arafat, who made no com-

ment when he arrived in Algiers

for Monday's meeting of the

Palestine National Council-

(PNC), said Saturday that assur-

ances from U.S. Secretary of

State James Baker had not gone

far enough.
"We consider this as a positive

step, but it is not enough because.

Jerusalem and its representation.

there are still basic points concerning

the Israeli withdrawal from

Palestinian and Arab lands and

right to self-determination for the

Palestinian poeple," he told

The Palestinians, suspicious of

American and particularly Israeli

intentions, are divided over

whether to attend the peace con-

ference which Mr. Baker has

been trying to organise during

seven trips to the region since the

They fear that Israeli condi-

tions would leave them little to

gain from the talks and hardline factions are already screaming:

But if they say no to the talks,

they could be accused of saying

end of the Gulf war.

"It's a sellout."

Tunis radio.

scope of the talks.

la group representing m five million U.S. Jews.

Some of the discussion about-Israel's request for \$10 billion in U.S. loan guarantees to said. absorb Soviet immigrants. Maariy said.

Mr. Bush wants Congress to shelve the request for four months to avoid angering the Arabs and miring efforts to convene Middle East peace talks. He is known to be especially angered at Israel's refusal to freeze settlement construction in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, which Washington considers an obstacle to peace.

Maariv said Henry Siegman, director of the American Jewish Congress, and Abraham Foxman, director of the Washingtonbased Anti-Defamation League of Bnai Brith, reacted sharply when Mr. Shoval suggested the controversy was over Israel's "borders" and not the settle-

It quoted Mr. Siegman as saying: "There is no possibility of conducting an efficient campaign on the subject of the guarantees when in Israel they declare plans for 15,000 housing starts in the (occupied) territories."

Palestinians gather in Algiers

ALGIERS (Agencies) — Palesti- no to peace and undermine interday what the PLO had sought

U.S.-proposed Middle East con- of their own has already been Jewish settlements in the occu-ference, with Palestine Libera- undermined by their backing for pied territories, before the con-

Iraq during the Gulf war. The

Palestinians are coming under in-

creasing pressure to join Syria,

Egypt and Jordan in agreeing to

attend if only to prove that it is

Israel that is blocking peace pros-

The Jewish state has given a

Italy at the weekend urged the

PNC, meeting for the first time in

decision" and not miss a "unique

occasion" for advancing peace in

the region.

Washington has suggested it

might issue invitations anyway, to

force the Palestinians and Israelis

to make up their minds. Moscow

has sent envoys to persuade the

But while Mr. Arafat con-

ditionally backs the peace confer-

ence, he wants further U.S.

assurances on key points to en-

able the 480 delegates to reach a decision before their session ends

Mr. Baker gave further details

in a hurried meeting in Jordan

with Palestinian representative

Hanan Ashrawi but Mr. Arafat

told Tunis radio the Palestinians

Jamil Hilal, PLO information

director, detailed to Reuters Sun-

three years, to take the "right

to debate peace conference

nians converged on Algeria Sun- national support for their cause. from Mr. Baker.

conditional yes.

Palestinians.

needed more.

day to decide whether to attend a Their campaign for a homeland

might be interpreted by Washington as a provocation, Maariv "It is true that Israel has full

rights to continue the settlements, but such a step would not in my view be wise now," Mr. Foxman reportedly added.

Maariv said that participants not idenitified by name also gave Mr. Shoval a message for the Israeli government, warning that more settlement building could make it very difficult if not impossible for action to advance the matter of loan guarantees for Israel."

They urged Israel to conduct a "cautious and thought-out polion the issue, adding that instead the Israeli government is conducting a stupid policy," the newspaper said. David Clayman, a representa-

tive of the American Jewish Congress in Israel, confirmed the meeting took place and that settlements was the main topic. But he told Israel Radio that despite the controversy there was "unqualified support for Israel among American Jewry."

- That Israel stop building

- Jerusalem representatives

and Palestinians from outside the

occupied territories should be in a

- U.S. commitment to the

principle that Israel should pull

out of the occupied territories

and East Jerusalem, under U.N.

- U.S. recognition of Palesti-

- That the various steps in the

At the Club des Pins, 25

kilometres west of Algiers where

the PNC is to meet from Monday,

Palestinian flags flew in united

ranks from the off-sea breeze

There is no similar unity among

the Palestinians on attending the

U.S.-Soviet sponsored peace con-

delegation which includes mem-

bers of the PLO or representa-

A joint Jordanian-Palestinian

delegation, with a member born

in East Jerusalem but now with

Jordanian nationality, has been

suggested as one way round the

(Continued on page 5)

Consequently there is a

tives from East Jerusalem.

Israel refuses to talk to any

nian right to self-determination;

conference should be linked.

Resolutions 242 and 338;

Palestinian delegation?

ference starts;

Sunday.

deadlock.



His Majesty King Hussein Sunday receives a delegation representing the European

King, European delegation review Mideast peace process Jordan of hundreds of thousands

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty bourg and his address to the King Hussein met at the Royal Court Sunday with a visiting de-legation representing the European Parliament. The discussions during the meeting covered efforts to achieve just and comprehensive peace in the Middle

The delegation, led by Professor Dimitrios Nianias, expressed appreciation of the King's efforts to achieve peace in the region and reviewed with the King Arab-European relations in general and Jordan's ties with European countries in particular.

The King briefed the Euro-Parliamentarians on Jordan's current economic difficulties and its hope for further support from the international community and especially the European Community (EC). The two sides reviewed the current regional political situation and progress towards a Middle East peace con-

16 TOI Jordan, and restated the Euro-

general assembly of the European Parliament

"We are visiting the Mashreq countries and the purpose is to show in an emphatic way the interest of the European Parliament in the people of the area and its political affairs," Prof. Nianias said. "Jordan is an important country for the role it has played, and is still playing in the most crucial affair and adventure of the Middle East, which is the Israeli-Palestinian question."

The meeting was attended by His Royal Highness Prince Talal Ben Mohammad, French ambassador to Jordan Denis Bauchard and the EC delegation head in

The European parliamentary delegation earlier exchanged views on the peace process with Prime Minister Taher Masri. The Palestine issue and the role of the EC in peace efforts were discussed at the meeting, according to

Pro. Nianias praised the King's the Jordan News Agency, Petra. minister talked about the Jorpean Parliament's appreciation of dan's difficulties resulting from the King's recent visit to Stras- the Gulf war, and the return to

of expatriates from Kuwait causing socio-economic problems for the Jordanian government.

The European group had a meeting also with Ministry of Planning Secretary General Safwan Tougan for a discussion on economic and technical cooperation between the EC and Jordan and the community's assistance to the Kingdom since 1977. Through four protocols con-

cluded between the two sides the EC has provided Jordan with 329 million European currency units. Dr. Touqan noted.

Dr. Touqan voiced Jordan's appreciation of the EC for its continued support for Jordan and briefed the delegation on the consequences of the Gulf crisis on the national economy and the government's measures to absorb the returnees.

The delegation, which also in-cluded Gabriele Sboarina, Birgit Cramon-Daiber, Lyndon Harrison and Jan Sonneveld, also held Basel Jardaneh.

Government doctors get allowance of 60%

AMMAN (J.T.) — In response to repeated calls by doctors employed by the Health Ministry for better pay and working condi-tions, Health Minister Mamdouh Al Abbadi Sunday announced that all doctors working in government hospitals and health centres will receive a 60 per cent allowance on their monthly salary as of Sept. 1, 1991.

All doctors employed by the government from the beginning of January 1987 will be entitled to the allowance, according to the minister, who made the announcement following meetings with Prime Minister Taber Masri and a delegation representing the Jordan Medical Association (JMA).

According to Dr. Abbadi, all doctors, regardless of their place of work, will be entitled to the allowance in line with a system already applied to doctors employed by the Jordan Uni-

The minister's measure followed a two-hour work stoppage Sunday by all doctors employed by the Health Ministry to back their demand for better pay.

The minister, who made a visit to the Al Ra'i Arabic daily newspaper iunday afternoon, also annound that a new set of regulations will be enacted soon to give incentives for doctors to get better pay and promotion. A special committee will work out the regulations and submit them to the Council of Ministers for approval, the minister said. The committee comprises nine doctors and specialists from the various sectors.

start as open strike as of Wednesday unless their demands were met. Earlier, nearly 1,300 doctors netition which was sent to his Majesty King Hussein appealing to him to improve their living and working conditions and demanding that they be treated on equal footing with their colleagues at the Jordan University

Baker's efforts in crucial phase

WASHINGTON (R) — U.S. Secretary of State James Baker's dogged crusade to arrange a Middle East peace conference has entered a crucial final phase.

"We are at a stage where we're trying to finalise the last of the details that will get us to the conference," a senior U.S. official said last week after Mr. Baker's seventh peace mission failed to settle the remaining outstand-

ing issues.

Like the United States, Arab states are keen to keep October as the target for the peace conference. They fear that letting it slip beyond next month would sabotage the conference Mr. Baker has

worked seven months to arrange. Mr. Baker turned up the heat last week in an effort to force Palestinians, the only major party involved not to have agreed to attend the conference, to make a

decision by early October. "At some point what we have to do is stop fiddling with the

nuances of language and give nians from the Israeli-occupied people an opportunity to either say they want to talk peace or not," a senior U.S. official told reporters Friday on Mr. Baker's plane to Washington.

"At some point in this exercise I think we get to the need for an action-forcing event...such as invitations," he said, adding: "I don't know when that is." This message was not directed

just at Palestinians. Israel and Arab governments have all sought modifications to "letters of assurances" in which Washington spelled out understandings upon which the conference will go forward.

During his five days in the Middle East, Mr. Baker said he would work with conference participants to modify the letters. as long as changes did not conflict with what he has told other parties. He has firmly ruled out secret deals.

negotiations.

History, as Mr. Baker often asserts, is full of examples of the

Mr. Baker also showed a tough side to Israel when he let it be known that Washington would seek to attach conditions, such as a freeze on settlements in the Israeli-occupied territories, when its request for housing loan

It outraged Israel, but delighted Arabs saw it as a sign that the United States could be an honest broker in peace efforts.

efore Congress.

asked them to meet him in Amto attend the conference, which would launch direct Arab-Israeli man. He believes they have the falters and the most to gain if it The question is whether the goes ahead.

West Bank and Gaza Strip want

Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) will agree.

PLO rejecting peace overtures or forging alliances which made Palestinians international out-

guarantees worth \$10 billion goes

Mr. Baker believes Palesti-Mr. Baker challenged Palesti-

Israel considers the PLO a "terrorist" organisation. Allowing Palestinians from the occupied territories to represent

mians to move towards a decision

on the peace conference when he

most to lose if the conference

U.S. experts say the PLO real-

ises the conference could be its

political undoing. It will not be

permitted to attend because

Palestinians at the conference would help boost a new generation of Palestinian leaders. Palestinians initially said no and the Amman meeting between

Mr. Baker and Hanan Ashrawi was cancelled. But a flurry of frantic telephone calls, in which the Soviet Union and Jordan played a key role, persuaded the PLO to agree to the meeting.

(Continued on page 5)

Palestinian leadership at historic crossroads in Algiers

From Lamis K. Andoni in Tonis

ON THE EVE of the 20th session of the Palestine National Council (PNC), the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) faces the toughest political dilemma in its history: At stake is its role as the representative of the Palestinian people, which is at risk by either authorising or blocking

U.S.-led peace process. The crucial question that PLO leaders find themselves confronted with for the first time is: Can the organisation's role be sacrificed for the hope of some form of a settlement of the Arab-Israeli conflict?

Palestinian participation in the

The PLO leadership campot find an easy answer for that termenting question, but some officials agree that if the suggested conference can lead to an end of the Israeli occupation the PLO's role cannot be

allowed to be an obstacle. Yet so far the PLO leadership has seen no serious signs that by disengaging itself from a direct role it will pave the way for a peaceful solution that

will guarantee the minimum

Palestinian national rights.

Most officials here fear that by authorising Palestinian participation the PLO will end up undermining its role without getting anywhere close to a settlement of the Palestinian problem.

"If this will be the case the Palestinians will need long years before they can get together another body to claim their national rights," says Fatch Central Committee member Intissar Al Wazir, (Umm Jihad), who together with her late husband — Khalil Al Wazir, who was assassinated by the Israelis in Tunis in 1988 - were two of the cofounders of post-1948 Palestimian national movement.

strong argument within the Palestinian leadership that if the price of authorising Palestinian participation will be the representative role of the PLO without the attainment of Palestinian rights, blocking the process will be the lesser evil. But this assessment, as some PLO officials argue, could be a

simplistic way of looking at things and paves the way for more difficult questions: Can the PLO survive further political isolation if it decided to challenge the U.S.-brokered process? More significantly, what price will the Palestinian people, particularly in the Israeli-occupied territories, pay for defying the American terms for a peace conference? Some officials here are haunted by the example of Iraq a country which was completely devastated for challenging the U.S. "We have to

understand that the balance of

power cannot allow for such challenges," said a Fateh offi-cial. "Look at Iraq: (PLO Chairman Yasser) Arafat cannot bring down devastation on his people. He has to make the right calculations." Others disagree. "There is a

difference between taking into consideration the balance of power and between total submission to it. It we start by assuming that we have no cards left, that will be the end." argues Dr. Jamil Hilal, head of the PLO information department in Tunis. But most officials concede

that if the PLO emerged as the party that has blocked the peace process, it will not only face further isolation but might lose its ability to rally any kind of Arab or international support against Israeli settlements in the occupied territories or possible Israeli moves to ensure a fait accompli annexation of the West Bank and the Gaza

At the same time there are strong doubts here that by insisting that Palestinian individuals take part in a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation, instead of accepting PLO participation, the U.S. is trying to eliminate the PLO and to avoid the issue of Palestinian national rights.

For many outsiders the issue of representation, or the form of Palestinian participation, seems like a procedural step that should not present an obstacle to peace. But in the Palestinian political mind - as viewed by most PLO officials and many outside the PLO the issue of Palestinian representation lies at the heart of the national Palestinian strug-

The PLO is thus viewed as the expression of Palestinian nationalism, rights, selfdetermination and the Palestinian entity. PLO officials

argue that Palestinian national its were only advanced as such and later recognised after the PLO's establishment and more specifically after it was taken over by the grassroot Palestinian resistance groups in

Seen in this light, the 1974 Arab summit and later on the United Nations recognition of the PLO as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people constituted a turning point that transformed the Palestinians, in the eyes of the world, from scattered and displaced refugees into a dispossessed nation entitled to national rights and selfdetermination.

Many officials here, regardless of whether they support involvement in the peace process or not, fear that if the PLO authorised Palestinian participation at the suggested peace conference without assurances that Palestinian

national rights will be addressed, the move will amount to a voluntary reversal of the 1974 Arab and international recognition of Palestinian national-

This argument explains why. over the last week, most groups here put forward the argument that regardless of the form of Palestinian participation, it should be made clear that Palestinians will be represented as a political and national entity at the confer-

"It is clear to us that the option of an independent Palestinian delegation is no longer an option, but we have to find a basis for a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation that does not negate the Palestinian national entity," says one senior PLO official. This can be done, according

to the official, by ensuring (Continued on page 5)

Iran steps up opposition to U.S.-Kuwait military pact

stepped up its opposition to a new military agreement between the United States and Kuwait. including a complaint to the Kuwaiti charge d'affaires, the official Iranian news agency (IRNA) said.

In a related development, president Hashemi Rafsanjani commemorated what Iran sees as the 10th anniversary of the beginning of the 1980-88 Iran-Iraq war by stressing the combat readiness of the armed forces, the news agen-

The region is not calm and those diabolic forces which were present in the scene against us in the last stages of the war are now trying to strengthen their hold in the region," Mr. Rafsanjani was quoted as saying in a clear reference to the United States.

Also, two Farsi-language news-papers attacked the U.S.-Kuwait pact. One called Washington the number one enemy of the Islamic revolution.

Those editorials followed one Saturday by the Farsi daily Jomhuri Islami, which said the agreement "is drawn up unilaterally to suit the interest of Washington and disgraces the Kuwaiti government as a powerless subservient," IRNA re-

Under the 10-year agreement, the United States agreed to keep troops in Kuwait longer than it had anticipated and to establish joint training and military exercises by the two countries' armed forces. Kuwait also would be

Kuwaitis,

\$5.8b for

war effort

WASHINGTON (AP) - Kuwait

and Saudi Arabia are \$5.8 billion

short of fulfilling their payment pledges for forcing Iraqi troops out of Kuwait and defending Gulf

All the other major donors

have paid, though South Korea is

about \$130 million short on a \$355

million pledge, the officials told

The U.S. government has col-

lected \$48 billion of the \$54 bil-

lion in worldwide pledges. It cost

the treasury an estimated \$61

billion to protect Saudi Arabia

and force Iraq to give up Kuwait

after invading on Aug. 2, 1990,

said the officials, who spoke on

Among the major paid-up con-

Kuwait had promised \$16 bil-

lion to assist in its liberation and

the restoration of the ruling

Sabah royal family, while the oil-rich Saudis pledged \$16.8 billion for Desert Shield and Desert

Kuwait is \$2.8 billion short and

"We do expect the remaining

amount to be paid in a reasonable

tions were obtained by U.S.

Secretary of State James Baker

and Secretary of the Treasury

Nicholas Brady. The aim was to

offset war costs while demon-

strating to the American public

that the drive against Iraq had

worldwide support.

the Saudis about \$3 billion.

iributers are Japan, which don-ated \$10 billion, and Germany,

condition of anonymity.

which gave \$6.5 billion.

Storm.

the Associated Press.

oil fields, U.S. officials say.

Saudis owe

materiel after American troops

The Islamic Republic has always opposed the presence of U.S. forces in the Gulf region. The U.S. navy played a crucial role in the last years of the Iran-Iraq war by protecting oil tankers from Iranian attacks, effectively crippling Iran's strategy to halt Gulf shipping.

Iran also has sought to play a major role in post-war security arrangements, although the more conservative Arab Gulf states are reluctant to grant it too large a

IRNA said the Kuwaiti charge d'affaires in Tehran, Fouzi Abdul Aziz Al Jassim, was summoned Sunday by the Iranian Foreign Ministry to advise him of Iran's 'The Supreme National Secur-

ity Council, in its session last night, commissioned the Foreign Ministry to seek explanations from Kuwait on the content of the accord with Washington, which for a period of 10 years allows Americans to conduct any military action without prior approval of Kuwait," the news gency said.

It said Mostafa Formani Haeri. the Foreign Ministry's director general for Gulf affairs, told the Kuwaiti diplomat that regional security should be provided merely through collective cooperation of regional countries.

Mr. Jassim promised to report the matter to the Kuwaiti govern-

NICOSIA (R) — The foreign

ministers of Egypt, Syria and the six allies of the Gulf Cooperation

Council (GCC) will meet in Cairo

next month to discuss regional

developments, the official Omani

The report, received in Cyprus,

quoted an official source as

saying the ministers, to meet dur-

ing the first week of October,

would discuss the proposed Mid-

It did not say whether the

ministers planned to discuss

security arrangements in the Gulf

The GCC, a decade-old milit-

ary and economic bloc, groups

Saudi Arabia, the United Arab

Emirates, Qatar, Kuwait,

Bahrain and Oman. They,

together with Egypt and Syria,

were key partners in the U.S.-led

Gulf war and evicted its forces

The eight nations agreed in

March on a joint security pact to

defend the Gulf region against

future Iraqi threats. It soon

foundered over difference on the

size and role of a proposed force

which was to be deployed in

from Kuwait in February.

dle East peace conference.

News Agency said Sunday.

GCC, Egyptian and Syrian

ministers to meet next month

morning Tehran daily Salam wrote that "the question is whether attainment of peaceful co-existence meant neglect of national security and interests of the largest regional country."

"Does being immune of the reactionary sheikhs of the 'Persian' Gulf region from threats mean that the entire territory of these states be put at the disposal of the number one enemy of the Islamic revolution so that it can build military bases and constantly threaten the Islamic Republic?" the paper said.

"While tiny littoral sheikdoms in the southern 'Persian' Gulf ignore all political and security interests of the Islamic Republic and even move on the opposite direction, why should Iran keep silent in order to prove it is not adventurist or a threat on Arab reactionaries?

Another newspaper. Abrar. said that "U.S. domination over the region has taken a new momentum.

'Iran should intensify its political campaign and inform the regional people of the dangers posed by the presence of alien forces," Abrar's editorial said. Iraqi state-run newspapers

meanwhile accused Tehran of aggression and interference in Iraqi internal affaris.

The ruling Baath party newspaper Al Thawra said the threat of Iranian aggression had not gone away. Iranian leaders "have not given up their expansio dreams," an editorial said.

The tiny emirate last week

signed a 10-year security pact

with the United States, confirm-

ing persistent press and diploma-

tic reports that it saw no viable

substitute to Western military

might to deter any future Iraqi

aggression.

There have also been reports of

fears in Kuwait and elsewhere in

the Gulf that the presence of

substantial Egyptian and Syrian

forces in the emirate would boost

their already growing influence in the super-rich region.

The Omani agency, in a sepa-

rate report, said the military

chiefs of staff of the six GCC

countries were due to meet in the

sultanate on Oct. 1 and 2 to

resume talks on the formation of

They met in Oman last month

for the same purpose, but only

The formation of such a force

has proven elusive since GCC

member nations began toying

with the idea in the mid-1980s

when they feared a massive spil-

They all, to varying degrees,

lover from the Iraq-Iran war.

supported Iraq in that war.

joint GCC security force.

scanty details emerged from t

discussions.



Israel to allow Ethiopian converts to immigrate

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israel has decided to allow the immigration of thousands of Ethiopian Jews who converted to Christianity, according to a spokesman for Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir. "The question now is how to carry it out," Yosi Ahimeir said

Saturday. He said a government committee appointed by Mr. Shamir to study the problem of converts had recommended in principle that Israel should allow them in but they would have to undergo some form of reconversion to

Israel has not determined how many converts live in Ethiopia or want to immigrate, he said. Israel airlifted in 14,000 Ethio-

pian Jews in May as rebels closed in on Addis Ababa to oust former Ethiopian dictator Mengistu Haile Mariam. Officials said then that few Jews had remained behind but thousands of converts

Israel Television said the government planned to send a delegation to Ethiopia to check out would-be immigrants and determine if they seriously wanted to become Jews again.

The black Jews of Ethiopia link their heritage to the Bible. Tradition holds that they are de-scended from notables of Jersualem who accompanied Menelik, son of the Biblical King Solomon and the Queen of Sheba, on his journey to Africa.

They were called "Falashas" (strangers) by the Ethiopians, a term they considered derogatory.

In 1973, Israel's chief rabbis traced their roots to the Biblical tribe of Dan, establishing their right to immigrate to Israel as Jews under the country's "law of return.' Mr. Shamir adopted the re-

commendation of the special committee he had established to deal with the issue that was raised during the May airlift, Israel Up to 3,000 Ethiopians were

turned away from the rescue flights because they had converted to Christianity and did not meet Israel's definition of a Jew. "The prime minister has

accepted the recommendations of a report that says we are ready in principle to check every incident of those who were Jews and converted and bring them to Israel," said a source quoted by

Some officials have argued that allowing the converts to immigrate would open the door for tens of thousands of Ethiopians to seek asylum in Israel from their war-torn, famine-stricken

converts be allowed to immigrate for humanitarian reasons. Many Ethiopian immigrants in Israel have left behind close family in Ethiopia who have converted. Israel Television estimated that

there were some 15,000 Jews who had converted to Christianity. and added that the number culd reach hundreds of thousands.

land last month and extradited to Paris, where he was charged with murder.

both Iranians, are missing. Sources close to the investigation said Mr. Hendi has implicated figures in Iran's power structure who allegedly tried to help him procure false identity

The sources said Mr. Hendi was interrogated by French counter-intelligence during a wave of Iranian-inspired bombings in Paris in 1986.

Freed ark hunters take rest

ANKARA (Agencies) — Five Westerners held by Kurdish separatist rebels in mountain hideouts for three weeks savoured their freedom at a.U.S. air base in southern Turkey Sunday and telephoned their fami-

Major Michael McKinney, a spokesman at Incirlik, said the five men — four of whom had been hunting for Noah's Ark had eaten an American-style meal after arriving at the base from eastern Turkey Saturday

"They had a restful night at the base hospital. By all appearances, they are all in good health, but they are being examined further to make sure that is the case," he

The three Americans, an Australian and a Briton, all in their fifties, were set free at midnight on Friday near the spot where Kurdish guerrillas seized them on Aug. 30.

They were questioned at length by Turkish authorities in the provincial capital of Bingol before being handed over to an American consular official Saturday. A U.S. diplomat said the five were talking to their families over two telephone lines put at their disposal.

He expected them to stay another day at the base, used in the past as a transit point for Western hostages from Lebanon. Australian Allan Roberts, 59, and his three American companions had been on a quest for Noah's Ark, which the Bible says fetched up on Mount Agri (Ararat) in eastern Turkey. Mr. Roberts told an Australian

diplomat he was keen to resume his search for the ark next year. Kurdish rebels took British tourist Gareth Thomas from a Turkish bus at the same roadblock as the other four.

The kidnap victims said Saturday they were treated well and tried to assist Turkish searchers by leaving a trail of dollar bills

Their account confirmed earlier speculations after the discovery of U.S. currency near the place where they had been abducted. Turkish Television showed the

beaming. Westerners in clean clothes animatedly describing their ordeal. It quoted them as recounting how their abductors made them

walk at night and hide in woods at dawn to avoid detection. "We could see the helicopters flying over, but they could not see

an unidentified Westerner for three-to-four hours at nights. They said the Kurdish rebels were escorting them in groups of eight to 20 and were treated well.

The five had been released by their captors late Friday night as Turkish troops learned of their whereabouts and started a rescue operation, the special governorate for southeastern Turkey announced in Divarbakir. After their release. Briton

Thomas said they were given directions by their abductors on where to find authorities. They walked about 90 minutes until they reached a military police station at Ilicalar, 25 kilometres from Bingoi.

The Kurds gave the men separatist propaganda and explained their organisation's goals and

The Kurdish guerrilia group PKK --- Kurdish Labour Party --had said it held the men and demanded that foreign travellers to southeastern Turkey obtain-"passes" from its offices in

The PKK has been fighting a guerrilla war since 1984 in southeastern Turkey for an independent state. The area is home to half of Turkey's 12 million Kurds.

Bush concerned about his remarks on lobbyists

concern that his remarks aboutpro-Israel lobbyists fighting him on bousing loan guarantees had 'caused apprehension" in the Jewish community.

Mr. Bush says the lobbyists who are urging Congress to approve the \$10 billion in guarantees over his objections "are a legitimate and valued part of the decision-making process in a democracy." "My references to lobbyists

were never meant to be pejorative in any sense," Mr. Bush said in a Tuesday letter to Shoshana S. Cardin, chairwoman of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish organisations. The Associated Press obtained

a copy of the letter.

Miss Cardin wrote Mr. Bush after a nationally televised news conference last week in which he vowed to veto any legislation for the loan guarantees and to fight the 1,000 lobbyists who were pressing Congress to help Isreal settle up to one million Soviet and Ehtiopian Jews. "I'm up against some powerful

political forces," Mr. Bush said at the news conference. "We're up against very strong and effective groups that go up to the Hill."
He accused Israel's supporters in the U.S. Congress of jeopardising a U.S. attempt to bring about a Middle East peace con-

Subsequently, reporters any sense."

WASHINGTON (AP) — President George Bush has expressed U.S. Secretary of State In U.S. Secretary of State Jaz Baker were told Israel wo have to stop settling Jews Arab land to get the guarant - even after the four-month lay demanded by Mr. Bush

Miss Cardin said she app ated Mr. Bush's support for Is and the absorption of Soviet Entiopian refugees. She also 1 the organisations shared his he for a peace conference and dir negotiations between Israel : the Arabs.

But she said the lobbyists w exercising their right and oblition as U.S. citizens to advoc their position on a vital humani rian issue.

"Therefore," she wrote. found some of the comments. your press conference ... to disturbing and subject to mis

terpretation. In particular," she wrd "the reference to 1,000 lobby on the Hill working the other of the question and to t powerful political forces troughing e and many others." Mr. Bush's letter said "we. have honest differences

"I am concerned," Mr. B. said, "That some of my or ments at the Thursday press c ference caused apprehens within the Jewish community references to lobbvists a powerful political forces w never meant to be perorative

Library ends monopoly on Dead Sea scroll films

SAN MARINO, California (Agencies) — A research library will give scholars access to photographs of all the Dead Sea scrolls, ending the virtual monopoly by a select few who have controlled the archaeological treasures for

The decision by the Hunting-ton Library in this Los Angeles suburb overjoyed scholars who believe the world deserves access to vital historical documents, but dismayed those who feel their years of work on the scrolls is being stolen from them.

The 800 animal-skin scrolls most in fragments, were recovered from caves near the Dead Sea between 1947 and the eariy 1950s. They are stored at the Rockefeller Museum in occupied Jerusalem under the control of Israeli antiquities authorities.

Written by a Jewish sect during the time of Jesus, the scrolls contain the oldest known copies of the Old Testament and other Biblical writings and invaluable information about the turbulent period that spawned Christianity and modern Judaism.

The Huntington, one of the world's leading research libraries, will allow qualified scholars worldwide to have unrestricted access to microfilm of 3,000 photographic negatives of the scrolls' fragments, library director Wilham A. Moffett said Friday. Magen Broshi, the curator of

the shrine of the book at the museum where the scrolls are housed, called the move "a plain breach of contract," but declined further comment. Until now, access to 500 scrolls

was limited to a small group of scholar-editors with exclusive authorisation from Israel to assemble the jigsaw puzzle of fragments, and to translate and publish them. Other academics long complained that access was too limited and publication too slow. Other groups published the other 300 scrolls.

Only 100 of the 500 scrolls held by the scholars' group have been published in the past 40 years, said Hershel Shanks, editor of Biblical Archaeology Review in Washington.

He said access has been trolled by a "small cartel monopolists."
Philanthropist Elizabeth I

Bechtel persuaded Israel in 1 to allow the scrolls to be pho graphed by Robert Schloss Huntington's chief photograpL to protect copies from war natural disaster. One set of negatives west:

Centre in Claremont, Califor: 2 which Mrs. Bechtel founded. : ::: entrusted a second set to ; it's Huntington, which became owner when she died in 194-z

The library's action is "an tquivocal statement of the imp -ance of freedom of informatiand deals a blow against section. that "breeds inefficiency, contion, bitterness and parano said Mr. Moffett, the lib

"I don't know if it's a case piracy, unscholarly behavic ----theft or what, but it's certa contrary to the agreement which Israel allowed the scroll be photographed, said Jezz Strugnell, the scrolls' forr-chief editor who teaches Ch. ian origins at Harvard Univers This work is still our work. \ haven't finished it yet," said life Strugnell, who was fired as ed l. 4 last year after calling Judaism

Mr. Shanks said Mr. Strug and his colleagues "have con led the scholarship in an en field of study. Imagine wha researcher must feel when trying to understand the intel tual history of a period and so. one says, 'here is a vast collect' of extraordinarily signific documents, but you can't see i

horrible religion."

Mr. Strugnell and Eng Ulrich, a university of N Dame Theologian and an ed of the scrolls, insisted access the scrolls was more open to Mr. Shanks contends. Mr. St. nell said "incompetent" scho were denied access. But Ulrich acknowledged profess al jealousies sometimes promp such refusals. "I apologise that," he said.

MARKET PRICES

500 / 45 450 / 40

Tehran says Bakhtiar suspect was French agent "However, he disclosed the police in connection with the

NICOSIA (AP) -- A suspect in the Paris assassination of former Iranian Premier Shahpour Bakhttime," a U.S. official said. "But this is not a loan payment. It is a iar was fired from Iran's broadcontribution. There is no time casting service four years ago for 'collaborating" with French in-The pledges from wealthy na-

There appears to be no legal requirement that donors fulfill their pledges, nor does there seem to be concern that Saudi Arabia and Kuwait eventually cy (IRNA). will make good on their promises.

duct," the statement said.

telligence, a report said Sunday. Massoud Hendi, charged Saturday with complicity in the slaying, was Paris bureau chief of Islamic Republic of Iran Broadcasting from 1981 until 1987, the government-run radio and television agency said in a statement.

He was fired "after he was summoned to Tehran and confessed to his collaboration with the French secret services," said the statement, reported by the official Islamic Republic News Agen-

name of his French contact and the place of their rendezvous and deeply repented his past con-

The statement reiterated that Mr. Hendi was neither a relative of the late Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini nor has any connection with Ayatollah Khomeini's family, which has been alleged in some French media reports. IRNA reported. Iran's embassy in Paris has also denied the allegations.

The news agency said: "The statement concluded that the trip to Paris of Hendi and his family members 45 days after Bakhtiar's mysterious assassination and his subsequent arrest by the French assassination is a question which needs deliberation. Exiled Iranian opposition leaders say that Iran was behind the

Aug. 6 assassination of Mr. Bakhtiar, 76, and an aide, who were stabbed to death at Mr. Bakhtiar's home. Iran, which has been trying to improve relations with Western countries including France, has denied responsibility. Mr. Hendi, 44, was detained Wednesday and interrogated by French police before he was charged with complicity in the

assassination and conspiracy in a terrorist enterprise. He became the second person charged in the case. Ali Rad Vakili was arrested in Switzer-

EMERGENCIES

Food Control Centre.

Two other suspected assassins

napers and visas for the killers.

Mr. Hendi, currently in the

import-export business, was on a business trip at the time of his arrest, the sources said.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

637111

PROGRAMME TWO News in French Weekly Sports Magazine News in Hebrew 20:60 20:39 . News in Arabic Hey Dad Murder she wrote News in English Over My Dead Body PRAYER TIMES

JORDAN TELEVISION

..... Maghreb CHURCHES St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifieb

St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Assumeiation

De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366

632785.

Slight increase in temperatures is expected and winds will be northwesterly light to moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and biles of God Church, Tel.

Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. **Arment** 771331. Orthodox Church Tel. Syrian Orthodex Church Tel. 771751. Evangelical Latheran Church Tcl: 811295. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Sahats Tel. 823824, 654932. Church of Nazarene Tel.

WEATHER illetin supplied by the Department o

Min./Max. temp.15 / 29

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** AMMAN: Dr. Ghalib Zawaideh ... Dr. Abdul Aziz Taboun Dr. Fakhri Abu Taveh . 791405

661912

778336

Amman 51 per cent, Aqaba 42 per

Al Ase 637055 636730 644945 and Zoubi Al Sharaz' pharmacy ..

Firas pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy

Civil Defence Department Civil Defence Immediate 630341 Blood Bank ... 775121 Highway Police Traffic Police ... 896390 Public Security Department Hotel Complaints Price Complaints 630321 661176 Water and Sewerage 897467 787111 Telephone Information (directory assistance) Overseas Calls 010230 Central Azaman Telepho 623101 Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101 . 773111 Radio Jordan Authority ... 815615

light Information 08-53200 en Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200 HOSPITALS AMMAN: Hussela Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Assn... 64281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Assn... 64241/2 Jabal Amman Maternity. 64236 664171/4 Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital . 845845

Al-Mussher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali Al-Ahli, Abdali 6641646 Italian, Al-Muhaireen . Al-Bashir, J. Ashratich 777101/3 775111/26 891611/15 en Alia Hospital 602240/50 Amai Hospital, ... 674155 Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital ... (09)900560 Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732 Al Hikma Modern Hospital ZARQA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital

AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RI) information department at the Queen Alia Internations Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it ATTENUALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

Damascus (RJ) 10:15 10:30 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) Beirut (RJ)

Cairo (RI)
Listanbul (RI)
Casablanca, Tunis (RI) Other Carriers (Terminal 2)

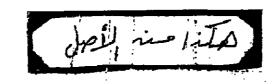
DEPARTURES

Abu Dhabi, Doba (GF

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights Montreal New York (RJ) Abu Dhabi (RJ) 13-15 Frankfurt (RJ 14:00 .. Cziro (RJ - Moscow (RJ) rain, Doha (RJ) 21:15 Abu Dhabi (RJ) (RJ) ... Dubai, Muscat (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2)

290/22 220 / 14 350 /30 e 250 / 25 400 / 35 700 / 60 500 / 40 Onion (dry) 240 / 18 380 / 35 300 / 25





a loke IAEA demands Israel allow inspection

By Tareq Al Momani Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — The International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) conference held in Vienna last week called on Israel to comply with U.N. Security Council Resolution 487, urging it to subject its

tional inspection. The statement was made by Ministry of Energy and Miner-

nuclear facilities to interna-

Maj-Gen Fadel Ali Fuheid

AMMAN (Petra) - Public

Security Department (PSD)

Director Maj. Gen. Fadel Ali Fuheid Sunday returned home

at the end of a five-day official

visit to Tunisia where he

attended the 15th Conference

of the Arab Police Directors

and Commanders, which

started in Tunis on Tuesday.

member states to draw up a

carefully-planned and well-

studied plan of action to coun-

ter any emergency and disas-

ters. The plan should also de-

lineate the role of each police

department in ensuring the im-

The conference also called

on the General Secretariat of

the Council of Arab Interior

Ministers to draw up a draft

model law on procedures of

investigation and trial, which

The draft law will be refer-

red to the 16th Conference of

Arab Police Directors and

Commanders for debate and

approval. Participants in the

meeting called on police de-

partments, which do not have.

special offices to receive public.

Other recommendations stres-

sed the important role police

departments can play in con-

At the conclusion of their

15th conference, the police

directors decided to hold the

16th conference in Tunis in

mid-September 1992 unless

any member state opts to host

the environments.

it in its capital.

complaints, to create such

offices if they deem them fit;

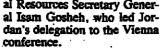
will serve as a guide for police-

plementation of this plan.

The conference called on

PSD director

returns



Mr. Gosheh said that he submitted to the conference, held between Sept. 16 and Sept. 20, a resolution on behalf of the Arab countries taking part in the meeting demanding that Israel comply with the Security Council resolution. The Arab resolution was adopted by the IAEA with 37

votes in favour, three regainst and with 17 abstentions, Mr. to Mr. Goshen. Gosheh said.

The resolution called on all countries supplying Israel with nuclear equipment to subject their nuclear exports to Israel to strict control and demanded that the IAEA's director general conduct talks with the Israeli government on implementing the resolution. It further requested he report the outcome of his contacts to the

next IAEA meeting, according The conference requested

that its call be conveyed to U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar and that it be placed on the agenda of this vear's U.N. General Assembly, he said.

Jordan has repeatedly called for the creation of a nuclearfree zone in the Middle East. which is in fact free of nuclear weapons except for Israel.

The Housing Crisis

Housing shortage spurs land sales and building boom

articles that seek to examine the correct housing crisis in Jordan. This article deals with the sales market, increased build-ing activity and their effects on land prices.

By Nidal M. Ibrahim

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — On the left hand wall of the office of Husam Azar, director of statistics for the Department of Lands and Surveys, is a line chart of the department's revenues over

the past 10 years. August 1991's total of JD 5.6 million — a 122 per cent increase over the same period last year — is literally off the chart, with the line going beyond the borders of the graph and up the wall.

With the current boom in construction, Mr. Azar's department is collecting a bonanza in fees for various land transactions and registration

"I think in 1983 there was a boom in building on land and this is like it," Mr. Azar said. The 1983 building boom was caused by the return of Palesti-

mians fleeing the devastation

caused by the Israeli invasion of Lebanon in 1982, Mr. Azar Similarly, the current upsurge in building activity is being caused by the return of an estimated 300,000 expatri-

ates from Kuwait and other Gulf states. . The demand for housing and shortage of available renting space has pushed the price of land in Jordan to some of the highest levels seen in the last 10 years and is keeping con-

struction workers busy. for real estate agents as investors seek to capitalise on the increasing land prices while builders try to fill the void left by the lack of rental units.

The increase in demand for housing and the building boom have caused land appreciation rates to at least triple. While the average annual appreciation rate for property in Jordan is 10 per cent, it is corrently running between 30 per cent and 50 per cent, depending on the area, said Khaled Saudi, owner of Saudi

Real Estate in Amman. As a result, sales at Saudi Real Estate are up over last year "at least double," said Mr. Saudi, whose office handles property exclusively in the west part of Amman.

One reason for the increased sales activity is the entry into the market of speculators, he said. People that would normally invest in other activities are finding the real estate market a profitable venture these days because of the rapid appreciation of land values. Most investors are purchas-

ing the property at a profit, Mr. Saudi said. "In a hot spot, land this summer may change hands three times," he said. According to figures of sales

ing a plot of land, holding it for

a couple of months and reseli-

activity from the Department of Lands and Surveys, there were 5,864 sales in August 1991, a 31.8 per cent increase over August 1990's 3,999 trans-

Similarly, there were 4,898 sales in July 1991, an increase of 26.9 per cent over the 3.582 transactions completed July 1990.

Furthermore, if sales continue at their current pace, a total of 49,248 transactions will have been completed in 1991, a 16.9 per cent increase over 1990's 40,908 total sales.

In addition to the mass influx of returnees, high rental prices are further spurring the creased so much --- between 50 per cent and 70 per cent above pre-war levels, according to real estate agents - that a family can buy an average parcel of land with three year's worth of the rent money it

would pay for an apartment in

today's market, Mr. Azar said. Still, he pointed out, the statistics are misleading if taken out of context. Total figures for 1990, because of the Gulf crisis and its effect on the market, are depressed.

Also, monthly figures, while indicative of the present state of the industry, are subject to seasonal fluctuations, he

For example, August normally represents the most ac-tive month of the year. Reasons for this include the tourist season, with visitors artificially inflating the de-mand for housing while at the same time increasing the supply of liquid money on the market. In addition, farmers usually harvest their crops and sell them on the market in August, reaping the windfall profits of their efforts, Mr. Azar said.

Another reason has been that, in past years, expatriates living in the Gulf normally came home for vacation in August, bringing their savings and initiating various building projects, he added.

The housing situation, according to Mr. Azar, will stabilise in the next few months. Still, he is not willing to say that the market will be dormant as he expects a steady stream of people to return to Jordan.

"As I know, we are talking now only (of expatriates coming from) Kuwait," Mr. Azar

But even if they are not forced to leave those countries, Mr. Azar said he expected many Jordanians and Palestimans to leave the Gulf coun-

Seeing what has happened to the expatriates who devoted many Jordanians and Palestinians living in other Gulf countries will come to the realisation that the same could easily happen to them. This lack of security will prompt many to leave the Gulf area, Mr. Azar

JANDA calls for Jordanian-Palestinian cooperation in approach to peace

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordan-Arab National Democratic Front (JANDA) has cautioned the government against overlooking the principled and national stands of the Arab Nation in dealing with the U.S. sponsored peace plan and to coordinate with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Syria in this respect.

A statement issued shortly after U.S. Secretary of State James Baker ended his seventh tour of the region for talks on the U.S. peace initiative said that the government should not go to a peace conference that would lead to capitulation.

A JANDA spokesman said that assurances offered during Mr. Baker's seventh tour, during which he held talks with Israeli, Syrian, Jordanian and Palestinian officials, do not meet the requirements necessary to achieve the Palestinian people's rights.

Washington does not deal with the Palestinians as a people with legitimate rights recognised by the United Nations and its various resolutions but rather as a group of people with no national identity and considers the Palestinians as a marginal factor in the upcoming regional conference.

The American stands clearly manifest a retreat from the concept of exchanging land for peace in implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338, said the statement.

JANDA strongly condemns this American stand and hereby declares its adherence to the Arab and Palestinian people's principled stand and conditions for a peace conference, the spokesman added. JANDA, he said, calls on Arab parties to refrain from entering negotiations that do not recognise the Palestinian people's rights. The JANDA statement followed reports that Palestinian refugees living in 11 camps in Jordan have sent a petition to the Palestine National Council (PNC), which meets in Algiers Monday, saying that the PLO alone should represent them at any Arab-Israeli conference.

The petition signed by 93,000 refugees, said that the peace plan as proposed by the United States was a sell out of Palestinian rights and stressed that only PLO participation in any meeting can guarantee a durable peace that would secure the Palestinians right to their homeland.

Activists call for release of Jordanians in Syrian prisons

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jordanian activists Saturday sought the help of Europe for the release of eight Jordanian political prisoners held for the last 20 years in Syrian

"The National Committee for Follow-up on Jordanian Political Prisoners in Syria has urged the European Parliamentary delegation to intervene with Syria to release the prisoners," Samir Habashneh, a member of the committee told the Jordan Times. He said that all eight were detained without trial for their political beliefs and had carried no acts to undermine the Syrian

Following is part of the text of the committee's message:

The world is on the path of establishing political plurality democracy and the respect of freedom and the other opinion. And since you have a leading role in paving such a path, and since the detainees are prisoners of conscience who practice peaceful dialogue and since there is not a reason to keep them in prolonged detention, we call upon you to intercede on their behalf with the Syrian authorities so that they may be released immediately and so they may join their families who have waited for more than twenty years in horrific turmoil.

We write this memorandum to you, as we believe that your ideals regarding human rights will make this issue one of priority on your agenda when dealing with respect for human rights and dignity will give this issue its due of international political attention, so that the detainees will be

With our best regards
The National Committee For the
Release of Jordanian Political Detainees in Syrian Prisons.

Attas arrives for committee meeting, carries message

AMMAN (Petra) — Yemeni Prime Minister Haider Abu Bakr Al Attas Sunday arrived in Amman to head the Yemeni side to the meetings of the Joint Higher Jordanian-Yemeni Committee, which will convene here today.

In an arrival statement, Mr. Attas said he will convey a verbal message from Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh to His Majesty King Hussein.

Mr. Attas said he hoped that the committee will be able to achieve progress on the path of enhancing bilateral cooperation in all fields. He noted the importance of the committee's meeting, which is the first since the unification of the two parts of Yemen.

Mr. Attas said the committee will work towards achieving economic integration between both countries through enhancing joint ternational issues of mutual in- cabinet ministers.

He added that his country seeks to benefit from Jordan's experience in the agricultural field, given the fact that Yemen has great agricultural resources.

On Jordanian-Yemeni cooperation in areas like industry, electricity, natural gas, education and tourism, Mr. Attas said there was a need to expand scopes of cooperation in these areas.

He also stressed the importance of strengthening cooperation between private sector institutions in both countries and called for setting up joint venture companies in which both Jordanian and Yemeni governments can participate.

The Joint Higher Committee will also discuss regional and in-

terest and will evaluate the progress made on a number of issues covered by agreements already concluded between both coun-

Mr. Attas is heading a Yemeni delegation comprising ministers of education, agriculture and water resources as well as a number

of experts. Yemeni Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Al Iryani and Minister of Trade, Industry and Supply Fadel Mohsen, who are now in Amman, join the Yemeni side to the meeting.

Mr. Attas and the accompanying delegation were received upon arrival by Prime Minister Taher Masri, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Transport and Communications Ali Suheimat and a number of

Seminar to discuss water problem; officials ask public to cooperate

Queen Noor Al Hussein Monday will open a seminar on water resources in Jordan organised by the business and professional women's club.

The day-long seminar is expected to review four working papers pertaining to water re-SOUTCES ... water use, water reserves and protection of water resources in the Kingdom,

according to the organisers. They said that the seminar. which will be held at the Royal, Cultural Centre, also will review a working paper dealing with international water resources and Jordan's share, in such resources. Minister of Water and Irrigation Samir Kawar and leading

water specialists, in Jordan will be among those taking part in the On the eve of the seminar, the Amman Water Department said that the capital consumes most of the water in the Kingdom and the presence of more than 400,000 expatriates and visitors has been exerting enormous pressure on the department, rendering it almost incapable of meeting the

population's water needs. Engineer Sinan Khleifat, the department's director, said in a statement that although the capital draws water for domestic and industrial use from a number of resources, it barely receives could be saved if residents a daily basis despite needing 300,000 cubic metres daily.

Mr. Khleifat said that he would remain pessimistic about the water situation in the country unless urgent steps were taken to deal with the crisis. The country should immediately start drilling new artesian water wells, draw

water from Waleh, Hidan and Disi and reduce the amounts of water lost through leakage in rusty networks, Mr. Khleifat said.

He added that his department has been trying to deal with this difficult situation by adopting a water distribution system in the capital and has been urging the public to restrict water suplies to drinking and other domestic use. According to Mr. Khleifat, up

to 40 per cent of the total water supplies pumped to the capital frained from watering gardens action was taken to upgrade the water networks to prevent leak-

Annual consumption grew from 135 million cubic metres in 1986 to 150 million in 1987 and 178 million in 1989.

Meeting of Jordanian agricultural organisations and ICARDA to review developments in field

AMMAN (J.T.) - Agriculture Minister Subhi Al Qasem will be one of several key speakers at the third coordination meeting between Jordanian agricultural institutions and the International Centre for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA) to be held at the University of Jor-

Dr. R. Booth, ICARDA assistant director-general for international cooperation, will give a presentation on ICARDA's role in the region during the meeting which will start Monday, according to a statement by the Faculty of Agriculture at the University of Jordan.

The statement said that 60 researchers and technicians from Jordan representing the Ministry of Agriculture, the University of Jordan, the Jordan University of Science and Technology and the Jordan Cooperative Organisation as well as 15 scientists from ICARDA programmes will participate in the meeting.

In the three-day gathering, par-ticipants will discuss the results of last year's cooperation efforts between the two sides and will formulate a working plan for bilateral cooperation in the 1991-1992 season.

Cooperation between Jordan and ICARDA has been strengthened in the last two years. according to the statement. It covers the areas of production of cereals, legumes, forage and livestock as well as the fields of seed technology and production and modern technology transfer on barley production. In addition, the statement said, several

training and scientific visits were carried out by ICARDA for the benefit of Jordanians in different agricultural fields.

Established in 1977, ICARDA is governed by an independent board of trustees. Based in Aleppo, Syria, it is one of 13 centres supported by the Consultative Group of International Agricultural Research (CGIAR), which is a consortium of donor governments and agencies.

ICARDA seeks to enchance and sustain food production while at the same time improving social and economic conditions for people living in developing countries. ICARDA's most important activities are under way at various locations in Syria, Jordan, Pakistan, Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia, Egypt, Ethiopia and Sudan.

DEF to provide loans for VTC graduates wishing to open businesses

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Development and Employment Fund (DEF) and the Vocational Training Corporation (VTC) Sunday signed an agreement under which the DEF would provide necessary funds to help VTC graduates start

their own business. Graduates from the VTC training centres can obtain soft loans from the DEF through a special account to be opened at the Industrial Development Bank (IDB) to start income-generating schemes, according to the agree-

For its part, the VTC conducts a feasibility study on each project and offers recommendations to

the DEF and the IDB over the amount of money to be given in each case, the agreement said.

DEF Director Abdul Ilah Abu Ayyash said that the loan is given to the VTC graduate provided he or she will take charge of the project. He said that priority will be given to those families who now earn a maximum of JD 120 a month and wish to start a business to secure additional income.

Mr. Abu Ayyash noted that the maximum amount that can be lent to any individual is JD 6,000. In order to facilitate the implemention of the programme, the DEF and the VTC held train-

ing courses for the VTC officials

FREEDOM WITHOUT THE FUSS.



A contact lens that is so easy to use, it can eliminate cleaning and disinfecting.

THE FIRST DISPOSABLE CONTACT LENS Johnson Johnson (Widdle East) Inc

AVAILABLE AT OPTIKOS SHAMI TEL:636784-668877 AMMAN-JORDAN

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

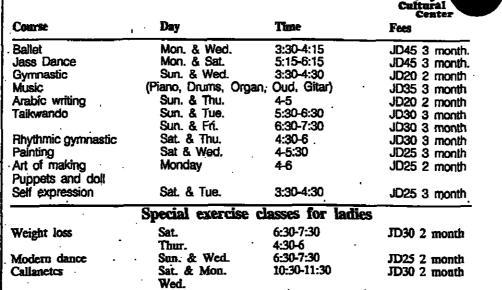
EXHIBITIONS

- An exhibition of naive painting from Germany at Abdul Ismeed Shoman Foundation Gallery.
- * Exhibition of paintings by Omar Bsoul at the French Cultural ★ Plastic art exhibition by Nidal Jamous at the Royal Cultural
- * Exhibition of curamics by Iraqi artist Salam Al Nouri at Alia Rubibition of paintings and ceramics by Iraqi artists Nadhn Muhsen, Halim Mahdi and Haider Al Maarouf at Hotel

Jordan Intercontinental.

☆ French film entitled "Les Maries de L'an Deux" at the French Caltural Centre — 8 p.m.

HAYA CULTURAL CENTER COURSES



For more information please call Haya Center 665194

By Waleed Sadi

Meet

1000

可能のこ

TXX:

2177

. .

ن و منت

2263

THE SECTION

3 **22** 0.

· 51, ~25

F-1-

3 <u>:-</u>.

37 5

<u>ت</u>ـــ

1

Chairman of the Board of Directors: MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Director General: MOHAMMAD AMAD

Editor-in-Chief:

GEORGE S. HAWATMEH Editorial and advertising offices:

Jordan Press Foundation.

University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

PNC at crossroads

THE PALESTINE National Council (PNC) is meeting today in Algeria amid persistent reports that the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) is as divided as ever on how to respond to the impending invitations to participate in the peace conference that is scheduled for October. Palestinian divisions in the past had taken a heavy toll on the Palestinian struggle for recognition, national identity and statehood. With many major PLO groups now leaning towards a militant and defiant mood that purports to reject the latest American assurances and clarifications on the terms and conditions of the proposed peace talks, the stage appears to be set in favour of boycotting the prospective peace negotiations. But Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat, who heads Fateh, the biggest and by far the most powerful. Palestinian faction in the PLO, is reputed to be still holding all options open by preventing a precipitous stampede against a Palestinian participation in the peace parley.

Understandably, the Palestinians are bothered by the lack of sufficient U.S. assurances on fundamental issues including a commitment that there will be at the end of the tunnel an Israeli withdrawal from the West Bank and Gaza Strip. Equally disturbing to the various PLO factions especially the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP), and both wings of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP), is continued fatal flaws in U.S. Secretary of State James Baker's most recent pronouncements on the terms of reference and objectives of the proposed peace negotiations. These include the U.S. interpretation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 242 as not necessarily entailing complete Israeli withdrawal from Arab lands, the absence of an instant freeze on Israeli settlement in Arab territories, the separation of the issue of Jerusalem from the rest of the occupied lands, and the nonapplicability of the full right to self-determination for the Palestinian people. Even the format of the Palestinian participation whether separately or under a Jordanian-Palestinian umbrella, is causing consternation among several Palestinian factions. Yasser Abed Rabbo, the leader of the newly formed wing of the DFLP group, summed up the shift in the Palestinian mood when he said Saturday "We (the Palestinians) cannot approve Palestinian participation under the present American conditions."

It is relatively easy to sympathise with the grievances of the various Palestinian factions because in fact there are still several shortcomings in the terms and conditions of the prospective U.S.-brokered peace negotiations. At the same time it would be infinitely harder to comprehend any verdict Israel and the Arab sides even under the current imperfect conditions. To begin with, the Palestinian people, whether under occupation or in the diaspora, are entitled to know what viable or operational alternatives their assembled leadership can offer them should they decide to boycott the last remaining chance to salvage their rights and aspirations from total doom and gloom. Surely the Palestinian leaders must be banking on something concrete when they announce to their people that the conditions for peace talks are not ripe yet. It would be utter folly to disregard the existing Arab conditions and the international climate when the PNC decides one way or another. To pin hopes on what the future may bring or in the ability of the Palestinians alone to extricate for themselves much more favourable peace terms would be a rather risky exercise that may prove fatal to the overall Palestinian cause. The Palestinians have always gambled on their ability to achieve more when in fact they continuously attained less, not once but over and over again.

Admittedly, any decision by the PNC would be decisive and also fraught with dangers. On balance, however, the PNC would do better to gamble on peace than on negativism and rhetoric. The Palestinians have an opportunity to gain something rather than lose a lot by attending the peace conference. Besides they would not be obliged to accept any package that may be offered to them if at the end of the negotiations, the terms of such an offer fall considerably short of their minimum expectations.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

IT is clear to all that Israel is currently escalating its attempts to abort the ongoing preparations for holding a peace conference, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily Sunday. Signs pointing in this direction, its said, are manifested in recent statements given by Israel's Defence Minister Moshe Arens who voiced his government's determination to pursue efforts to build settlements in the occupied Arab territories. Mr. Arens followed this statement with one which he stated clearly that the peace conference would not make the Israeli troops withdraw from the occupied territories, the paper noted. It said that Israel's government statements in this respect clearly mean that the Jewish state is determined to build more settlements and will not give up land in exchange for peace with the Arab countries. By so doing, the Israeli government hopes to force the Palestinian leadership refuse any settlement and, by doing so, display itself as an obstacle in the U.S.sponsored peace settlement, the paper noted. It said that the current Israeli onslaught on the peace process should prompt Washington to act fast enough to prevent any delay in convening the conference provided its aim is to implement U.N. Security Council resolutions. The paper said that the Israeli government's treatment of the peace process will make it suffer from the consequences, should conflict break out in the future.

SAWT Al Sheab daily agreed with Al Ra'i's editorial in that Israel is exerting all efforts to abort the peace conference and said that in order to do so the Shamir government might resign so as to cause further delays in the peace process. The paper said that observers have no doubt now that the Bush administration is serious about convening the peace conference, especially after it has established contacts with the Palestinian people and its leadership outside and inside the occupied territories.

Weekly political pulse

Realism should prevail

It would be folly in the extreme to formulate the Palestinians posture on the projected October peace talks only on the basis abstract semantics, pure legalism or even morality. There is no more room left for romanticism in these trying times for the Palestinian people under occupation who had suffered more than enough because their leadership throughout the past decades could not or were unwilling to distinguish between the probable and the improbable. What obviously should dictate the stance of the Palestinians on the upcoming peace parley is realpolitik criteria and not wishful thinking or fantasy. The Palestinians were burned more than once simply because the point of departure for their position is the immorality or the illegality of the Israeli aggrandisement of their country.

In more than one way, one can easily sympathise with this Palestinian position because they are a proud Arab people who saw their country stolen from them by treachery, design and manipulation. Never in history was there a comparable situation where the indigenous people of a country were totally disfranchised and dispossessed of their country. It is indeed very painful for this people to reconcile with such a level of international profanity and immorality. That would explain in part why one generation of Palestinians after other never came to grips with the harsh reality that only power politics defines and articulates a certain country's

bargaining position. Failing to accept this reality meant that the Palestinians kept biting more than they could chew. This agonising experience has left the Palestinians with little to show for after more than five decades of struggle to save their lands from the designs of Zionism.

While one can still sympathise with the Palestinian dilemma and appreciate their suffering and agony for being constantly pushed in the direction of relinquishing not only the major part of their homeland but also making commitments on behalf of present and future. Palestinian generations, what is in essence asked of them is a historic decision and not only an interim one. Unfortunately, by rejecting previous interim solutions, the Palestinian leadership had put itself in a straitjacket and is now cornered to either accept a compromise or risk losing all.

Yet if the Palestinians are unable or unwilling to jump on the bandwagon of peace, for one legitimate reason or another, this should not give Tel Aviv a pretext to continue the usurpation of Arab lands. As the Palestinian case of the Arab-Israeli conflict goes beyond the West Bank and Gaza Strip to reach other aspects and dimensions, the Arab efforts to salvage the occupied territories must not be left in suspense till the Arab condition and international climate become favourable to the Palestinian cause in all its dimensions. There is every reason to call on Jordan to

take up the issue of the West Bank and Gaza Strip and to negotiate on their behalf if the Palestinian leadership is forced to boycott the anticipated peace negotiations for one reason or

From the look of things, a peace conference will be held with or without the Palestinians. With the consent of the PLO and the agreement of the other concerned Arab parties, Amman should be enlisted for the purpose of rescuing the West Bank and Gaza Strip from Israeli occupation and colonisation. It would be unconscionable to let Tel Aviv continue its designs on these territories simply because the Palestinians are not able to extricate from the international community in general and the U.S. and Israel in particular sufficiently reasonable grounds to permit them to join the peace talks.

One Arab state or another should shoulder this responsibility and there is no better Arab country to do this than Jordan. The Palestine National Council's meeting in Algiers could very well take up this matter should it decide that, on balance, it is unable to attend the projected peace talks. Since the odds are in favour of going ahead with the peace conference, the council can adopt decision to relegate to Amman this awesome responsibility. Any other course would leave the Palestinians under occupation and in the diaspora stranded for God only knows how long.

> to apply U.N. resolutions to its own behaviour, to give in to such

> a demand is to confer a unique

and dangerous power upon a state proven to lack regard for

international law or convention.

mand reversal of a U.N. resolu-

tion which worked to its own

disadvantage, the matter would require intense and carefully con-

sidered attention and, in principle, rejection unless the circumst-

ances and conditions to which the

resolution applied had substantially changed. Israel has as yet done nothing to ment reversal of

Resolution 3379, with the excep-

tion of a watered-down anti-

racism law drafted in 1985, which

outlawed only incitement to rac-

ism, but left institutional discri-

mination and incitement to rac-

ism based on religious writings as

legal. In tangible terms, Israeli

expropriation of Palestinian land

and its illegal settlement con-

tinues, contrary to basic require-

ments for a peace settlement.

Soviet immigrants are channelled

to West Bank settlements and

Israeli leaders make ever more

strident promises to make no

The rewards for reversal of the

resolution are certainly not such

as assould ment an action so

fraught with implications. Israel is no nearer to making "com-

promises" for the sake of peace

than it was in 1975. Nor is Zion-

ism any less a racist ideology

the resolution unless the interna-

possesses and become hostage to

territorial compromise.

Should any member state de-

'Zionism is racism' — the case against reversal

By Emma Murphy

IT can only reflect poorly on the international community that there has been so little protest against Israeli demands that United Nations General Assembly Resolution 3379 of November 10, 1975, equating Zionism with racism be reversed. The possibility of such an eventuality raises crucial issues regarding the purpose of the United Nations itself and the validity and mandatory worth of its resolutions.

During the recent Gulf crisis. the United States and its allies relied heavily on the concept of the precedence of U.N. resolutions as more than simply the will of the majority of nations. The passage of a resolution, be it of the General Assembly or the Security Council, was invested with an assumption of moral supremacy. Indeed, President Bush has drawn on every ounce of moralistic credit in the U.N. account, not only to justify his adventures in the Gulf, but also to sell his vision of a "new world order," monitored and overseen by a self-assured "U.N. police-

Such a vision is in itself fair enough. Indeed, many might aspire to it. However, if U.N. resolutions are to be the vehicle of moral administration then how can they be reversed simply as a matter of political convenience?

Put simply, either Zionism equates with racism, or it does not. Judging from the passage of U.N. General Assemly Resolution 37/40 of December 3, 1982, in which 122 out of the then 156 member states condemned the racism pursued in the occupied Arab territories by the Israeli government, a large part of the world believes that in practice, if not in theory, Zionism as pursued by Israel is indeed a racist ideolo-

It may be argued that many member states voted for U.N. Resolution 3379 for political rather than moral ends and that present political reality requires international flexibility rather than subjective moralism; that the resolution might indeed be reversed if some significant concession can thereby be wrought from the Israeli government and a tangible step be taken towards a Middle East peace settlement. The age of the radical anticolonialist stance is over, and a new era of conciliation has begun. Thus must we discard histor-

By Gene Gibbons

Reuter

CHICAGO — Although Presi-

dent George Bush has not

announced his candidacy, he re-

moved any doubt that he was

seeking reelection during a

gruelling cross-country trip this week that showed his zest for

The three-day, 10, 200 kilometres trip took Mr. Bush to Arizona's

Grand Canyon, where he focused

on the environment, Salt Lake

City, Utah, where he talked ab-

out health care, Portland, Ore-

gon, where education was the

topic and to Los Angeles and

Chicago to touch other political

Asked at the outset if the trip

represented the start of his

reelection campaign for the

November 1992 polls, Mr. Bush

told reporters, "no, you'll know it

But signs of his intentions were

Mr. Bush was accompanied by

an independent television camera

crew that was gathering footage

for campaign commercials. At a

construction site in Los Angeles

he donned a hard hat and joined

when you see it."

unmistakable.

campaigning.



ical grievance and rejectionism to the form and activities of the humanity as a whole rather than such an ideology is to imply that it today than it was then. There can begin again with confidence U.N. are not in large part the to bend to the winds of momen- is, after all, acceptable, and all its be no justification for reversal of The reversal of one U.N. resolution may appear a small price to pay. But this argument falls critically short for two reasons fundamental to our evaluation of. and intentions towards, the "new world order," and the role of the United Nations within it.

Essence of U.N. Charter

First, to accept that a U.N. General Assembly resolution concerned with the rights of peoples of different race, colour, creed or nationality to be considered equal with one another and to be treated as such by the governments of members states. in other words the essence of the U.N. Charter itself, can be reversed simply as a matter of political expediency is to assume the corruption of the U.N. idea. While it is paive to assume that

Bush seeking reelection

a dozen workers for a fried chick-

It was stereotypical behaviour

Standing on the sidelines at

Mr. Bush's blue-collar picnic,

White House political adviser

Ron Kaufman said: "He loves all

this — and he's a better politician

popularity rating is still extremely high because of his leadership in

the Gulf war, provided a tex-tbook example of how to take

advantage of the power of the

At the Grand Canyon he pres-

presidency during his journey.

ided over the signing of a regula-

tory agreement with a nearby

electric power plant that will

clean the air and improve visibil-

ity at the world-famous scenic

treasure — and at the same time.

took issue with critics of his en-

In Salt Lake City Mr. Bush

announced a series of grants to

help 15 U.S. communities with high

infant mortality rates take correc-

tive measures. His critics often

note the United States trails all

other major industrial nations in

The presidential aura helped

newborn survival rates.

vironmental policies.

Indeed, Mr. Bush, whose

than he gets credit for being.'

en box lunch.

for a U.S. candidate.

building and mutual reassurance. result of a median of political tary political expediency as diotangible manifestations with it. It omises, to accept that the decisions of the General Assembly are so disposable is to deny that that body has any genuine progressive role but is rather the short-term policy tool of the strongest political voices. Cynicism regarding the make-up of the Security Council becomes justified if only because the General Assembly becomes correspondingly downgraded, its resolutions subject to hijacking by great power political gamesmanship.

> Already the end of the cold war has led to U.S.-Soviet collusion on matters more suitably debated and clarified in a wider international forum. The onus lies with the remainder of the member states, in particular those of the

> still disadvantaged Third World, to hold fast to the principles established in the interests of

attract an impressive array of

Hollywood stars, including Kevin

Costner and Sylvester Stallone,

to a party fund-raising dinner in

Commerce gathering in Chicago Mr. Bush wooed the United

State's fastest-growing ethnic

group, whose support could make the difference in key states like

California, Texas and New York

In this appearances, Mr. Bush

barely touched on an explosive

issue that dogged him throughout

the trip - Iraq's continued recal-

citrance in complying with Gulf

The president never mentioned

his prospective challengers in

next year's election. Three

Democrats are already vying for

their party's presidential nomina-

tion and two more are expected

Mr. Bush's plan is to delay

officially announcing his candida-

cy for a second four-year term in the

White House until early next

year. The primary reason for this

is to keep his actions from taking

on distinctly partisan overtones as

But he has authorised his sup-

to enter the fray soon.

long as possible.

war ceasefire terms.

in 1992.

And at a Hispanic Chamber of

tated by the permanent members of the Security Council in general, and its two superpowers in The second reason for defend-

ing U.N. Resolution 3379 is more specific to the Middle East. Zion-

ism has been the principle justificatory creed behind all the most insidious of Israel's policies, towards the Palestinians since 1948. It has been the rationale of "selective democracy" within Israel itself, the continued grip on occupied territories, the theft and settlement of Palestinian land. the discriminatory practices which contravene internationally accepted norms of human, civil and political rights and the gradual and selective removal of Palestinians from the country.

What reversal would mean To reverse condemnation of

porters to begin raising money for

his reelection campaign next

month. Republican sources say

the fund-raising goal is \$26 mil-

lion, the maximum allowable

under campaign spending limits, even though Mr. Bush now seems

question mark, and it seems to be

rebounding" from recession, said

Larry Thomas, a former aide Mr.

of health from his doctors last

week after a check-up on his

recovery from the heart ailment

he suffered in May, has also

specified that Vice President Dan

Quayle will again be his running

He has made several public

and private statements that Mr.

Quayle's place on the Republican

ticket is safe, even though many

Americans doubt that the 44-

year-old vice president is qual-ified, if needed, to serve as chief

Another element of Mr. Bush's

campaign strategy is to go all out

to help elect more Republicans to

the U.S. Senate and House of

Representatives, both now con-

troiled by the Democrats.

Mr. Bush, who got a clean bill

"The economy is the only real

invincible.

Iowa senator — Bush's toughest opponent!

is to deny the Palestinians creditional community is prepared to

bility in their grievances and to forego whatever moral and legal

make legitimate policies which credibility the United Nations

lisation of the Middle East for intransigent small powers and un-

over 40 years. Moreover, and principled great ones — Middle bearing in mind that Israel has East International.

By Irwin Arieff

have contributed to the destabi-

Harkin's announcement that he Francisco. will seek the Democratic pres-George Bush's easiest opponent or his toughest?

Mr. Harkin — who comes from nomination test occurs in Februhope of defeating the popular senator, according Republican president and has sional quarterly. been touring the country saying

But some Republican strategand populist rhetoric are so out of fashion he would be easy pickings for Mr. Bush in the November

1992 elections. -A campaign against Mr. Harkin would let Mr. Bush and fellow Republicans attempt a repeat of the "liberal bashing" strategy that crushed Michael Dukakis's democrats in 1988 - painting the Democratic nominee as a taxand-spend Liberal out of touch

with the American people. The Republicans' success in holding onto the White House a Democrat has not been elected president since 1976 — has convinced many Democrats that their party must move to the right to win national elections.

But not Mr. Harkin. That's just nonsense, he likes to say. "It's time to get off our

knees and fight back." Mr. Harkin, who last year became the first Iowa Democrat to be elected to a second term in the Senate, owes much of his political success to his fiery speaking style and a matching fire in his belly. degree only after working three "I'm here to tell you George years as a congressional aide.

Herbert Walker Bush has feet of clay and I'm going to take a hammer to him," Mr. Harkin WASHINGTON -- Senator Tom told a Labour Day rally in San

Mr. Harkin says his best issues idential nomination divides are economic opportunity, honest Democrats and Republicans on hard work, individual responsibilone key question: would he be ity, taking care of one's family, faith in God and concern for the less fortunate. He is Roman Catholic but still

lowa, where the very first party an advocate of abortion rights. In Senate voting, he has opposed ary -- sees liberalism as the best Mr. Bush more than all but one senator, according to congres-

In one particularly high-stakes contest that the Republicans have vowed to publicise, Mr. Harkin ists say his left-leaning ideology earlier this year led the unsuccessful liberal charge in the Senate against congressional backing for military action in the Gulf. He favoured economic sanctions over use of force against Iraq. Mr. Harkin accuses Mr. Bush

of focusing on foreign policy to the exclusion of a domestic agen-"We need a president who

knows the threat to national security is not halfway across the world but halfway down the street," he says.

Mr. Harkin enjoys the strong support of organised labour, which should help him in the Democratic primary process, which many say is dominated by Liberal activists and labour

Mr. Harkin was born on November 19, 1939, in Cumming, Iowa, population 151. He was one of six children of a coal miner. father and a Yugoslavian immigrant mother who died when he was 10. He worked his way through college and earned a law

Palestinian leadership at crossroads

(Continued from page 1)

that the PLO names the delegation and be the party which will decide the Palestinian negotiating position.

But last week's American insistence that the Palestinian representatives from the occupied territories meet with U.S. Secretary of State James Baker m Amman had only reinforced fears here that Washington does not want a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation, but is seeking Palestinian participation within a Jorda-

nian delegation. In political terms, according to PLO officials, such insistence could strip the PLO from its right and political mandate

to determine the Palestinian negotiating position.

Initially, all the leadership without exception opposed the idea of sending Faisal Husseini or Hanan Ashrawi to Amman."

There is distinction between sending them to Amman as part of coordination between the PLO and Jordan which is totally acceptable and required — and between American insistence to set the terms for the joint delegation," a senior PLO official says.

The PLO leadership had later to comply under tremendous international pressure, especially when Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev himself sent an urgent message to Mr. Arafat asking him to allow Mr. Husseini to

King meets European delegation

Representing the EC Presidency in Jordan, French Ambassador Bauchard said that the visit showed the interest of European and Jordanian officials in deepening their contacts. "There was a

common view that Europe should play an increasing role in the Middle East in both the political and economic arenas. This visit strengthened the close relationship between Jordan and Europe," he said.

ral opening for peace negotia-tions and all the problems remain

ahead of us," Mr. Peres, 68, told

He forecast little chance of

negotiating the future of the

occupied Golan Heights or

Palestinian opposition to Jewish

settlement of the occupied West

He blamed the "annexationist"

policies of Mr. Shamir's rightist

Likud party for the growing rift

with Israel's chief ally, the United

States, which is angry at acceler-

ated Jewish settlement in the

United States and Israel, rather a

crisis with the Likud ideology.

Israel today is a different Israel,

with a new ideology - annex-

ationist with settlements in an

uprecedented way, which the United States views as a provoca-

Mr. Peres said billions of dol-

lars Israel invested in settlements

would have been better spent on

Labour differs with Likud's de-

termination to hold the occupied

territories. Labour favours the

Israeli elections are due in 14

"And time will again be wasted

months, but Mr. Peres predicted

a crisis would force an early poil.

and again Israeli relations with will be harmed, and with it our

ability to integrate immigrants,"

In a separate interview, Depu-

ty Foreign Minister Benjamin

Netanyahu said Israel was ready

to negotiate with Arab states

alone should Palestinians decide

against entering the proposed

whether to attend the talks. Mr.

Netanyahu told Israel Radio: "We're trying to make progress

on both tracks but if there are

difficulties with one of them that

doesn't prevent progress on the

He said Israel too had prob-

talks. "We still have questions

Palestinians are divided on

he said.

partial return of the territory.

"It's not a crisis between the

Bank and Gaza Strip.

occupied territories.

tion," Mr. Peres siad.

Jewish leaders said to warn Israel

(Continued from page 1)

Hadashot said leading U.S. Jews sent "very strong messages" to Mr. Shamir over the weekend warning against the settlement groundbreaking. Unnamed leaders were quoted as calling it "a destructive and unwise policy, and a slap in the face to the administration, Congress and the American people.

Health Minister Ehud Olmert told army radio he presumed it was "correct that there is discomfort among some Jews in the United States about certain ques-

But he added, "I presume that despite the discomfort and more than a few debates, the vast majority of the Jewish people in America completely back Israel's basic demands."

Mr. Shamir's office issued a statement saying the commotion surrounding the new settlement was a "tempest in a teacup and an attempt to exploit a certain event without any justification or

A senior official at the prime ministry said a check was done by the justice ministry which determined the settlement was inside Israel's "pre-1967 borders." This information was given to the U.S. embassy in Tel Aviv, said the

Israeli opposition leader Shimon Peres warnd Sunday that Middle East peace talks proposed by Washington may offer no

more than a photo opportunity. The Labour Party chief told the Al Hamishmar newspaper the peace conference under U.S. and Soviet auspices sought for next month would only facilitate direct Arab-Israeli talks without resolv-

ing the conflict.
"The event could turn into what the Americans call a photo opportunity and so the conference has very limited value," said Mr. Peres, who quit Prime Minister Hitzhak Shamir's coalition last year over the government lems with U.S. proposals despite failure to accept U.S. peace a conditional agreement to enter

"It must be remembered that that we haven't received clear the conference is only a procedu- answers on," he added.

go to Amman, PLO officials

Mr. Arafat had made his last-minute decision to send Dr. Ashrawi to Amman despite strong objections from his colleagues in the leadership. according to the officials.

The episode, according to PLO officials, did not only expose the PLO's vulnerability to outside pressure but more significantly it highlighted the need for working out a joint strategy with Jordan.

"If we had worked out a joint strategy with Jordan, then Dr. Ashrawi's visit or any future such meeting, will have been in accordance with that strategy. We should not allow the Americans the chance to set the terms for the joint Jordanian-Palestinian delega-tion," says the senior official.

The problem that Mr. Arafat might face at the PNC, however, is that most groups will refuse to make a commitment to a joint delegation but will try to confine the resolutions to a definition of terms of Palestinian participation in the peace process.

Buy that will nevertheless leave the door open for Mr. Arafat to go to Jordan for working out a joint strategy. PLO officials and Palesti-

nian analysts believe that the most difficult stage will start after the PNC when it will be left for Mr. Arafat to decide the specific steps to take towards authorising or blocking Palestinian participation in accordance with the PNC resolutions or terms.

In other words, the PNC, which is scheduled to start today, might give a short brea-thing space for the PLO chairman by keeping the door open, but sooner than later the PLO leadership will have to come to terms with its historic dilem-

Sick? have no fear, Dr. Ross will be here

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — If you have unsuccessfuly tried all the medicines on the market to cure your ailment, why not try this

Psychotherapist Roberta Ross will be in town in early October to hold workshops on personal growth, healing, har-mony, human nature and artistic creativity to name a few. Dr. Ross, a transpersonai

psychotherapist, will hold three workshops at the National Cente for Psychological and Educational Consultation, (Al Maw'el), the centre's chairman of the board, Dr. Fawzi Tue'meh told the Jordan Times Sunday.

According to Dr. Tue'meh, Dr. Ross will supervise a workshop on "returning to openness" on Oct. 17, another workshop on "honouring the divine tapestry" on Oct. 19, and on "human energy field," on Oct. 21.

The centre, according to Dr. Tue meh, is "designed to assist individuals of all ages with their developmental and emotional concerns."

nisation. It treats people with personality disorders, children with educational difficulties, addicts, and partners with mar-

riage problems.

The centre is run by Dr. Tue meh with three partners and four assistants. It was established in 1989.

Dr. Ross, from Eugene, Oregon, has been initiated in the teachings of the Incas, according to Dr. Tue'meh. "She has studied with medicine" people and psychic healers, in North, South and Central America," he said.

In April of this year, Dr. Ross travelled through the Middle East and visited Jordan. Upon her return to the U.S., she published a number of articles on the Gulf war and on Jordan and Arabs' attitude towards the U.S. She also wrote on the psychological effects of the war on people, especially children in the re-

gion.
"While the poor are suffering the most, the general economy has hit all income groups," Dr. Ros wrote about

Prices for the workshop range between JD45 and JD50.

Baker's efforts in crucial phase

(Continued from page 1) Mr. Baker gave Dr. Ashrawi a redraft of the letter of assurances and said progress was made. But he is clearly becoming impatient. Mr. Baker does not expect an

answer from the Palestinians until the end of the month. The Palestine National Council is expected to debate the issue at a meeting starting Monday in Algiers.

But he let it be known that he would issue invitations to a peace conference to force a decision on Palestinians if they do not say soon whether or not they will

What if Palestinians boycott the conference? Publicly, Mr. Baker is ambiguous on that point. But other U.S. officials hint that it might go ahead without them.



Advertising, Graphics, Printing, Marketing Services تصميم فنى دعاية وإعلان طباعة خدمات تسويقية

تلفون: ١٩٤٧٦٤ _ فاكس: ١٨٣٦٠١ _ تلكس: ٢٤١٠٠ جاك _ ص ب: ١٤٧٦ _ عمَّان _ الأردن Tel.: 694764 - Fax.: 683601 - Tlx.: 24100 JACK - P.O.Box: 6476 - Amman - Jordan

Palestinians gather in Algiers

(Continued from page 1)

Israel has banned 180 delegates from the occupied territories from attending the Algiers PNC

Most of these support a peace conference provided the United States gives advance assurances meeting Palestinian conditions.

Lack of U.S. clarity on the assurances demanded by the PLO is fuelling hardline opposition to PNC agreement on joining.

A faction of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) led by Nayef Hawat-meh has spoken of boycotting the

Efforts have also failed to bring into the PNC representatives of other factions who have long been at odds with Mr. Arafat and the Muslim fundamentalist movement Hamas which has a large following in the occupied territor-

Diplomats say the PNC meeting might end in a vague policy statement - recalling the ambiguity that emerged from its last assembly three years ago.

Then a PNC communique, declaring a Palestinian state, also appeared explicitly to recognise the Jewish state's existence. Mr. Arafat had to make several statements to clarify this later. His scope for manoeuvre this

time could depend largely on the composition of the 15-member PLO Executive Committee to be

elected at the Algiers meeting. Palestinians in the occupied territories are showing little in-

terest in the PNC meeting. "It's as if the PNC does not exist." one Palestinian source

The apathy in the occupied territories contrasts sharply with the rapt attention given to the last PNC session, which declared an independent Palestinian state and implicitly recognised Israel's ex-

Palestinian sources in the Gaza Strip and barely 10 per cent of the 750,000 population were interested in the outcome of the PNC's Algiers conference.

Leading West Bank academics and political activists say the U.S. failure to endorse Palestinian self-determination may make it difficult for the PNC to decide on Palestinian participation in the conference planned for next

"There will be a price to pay for either of the choices we make," said Mahmoud Al Aker, an aide to Faisal Al Husseini, a prominent Palestinian leader in

the occupied territories. "Our task would be to choose

the path that would cost us less," be said at a debate in East Jerusalem Friday. Ghassan Andoni, a lecturer at the

West Bank's Bir Zeit University, said it would be difficult for the PNC to decide on either option.

If Palestinians chose to boycott

the conference, he said, talks might still go ahead with Arab states participation and Israel might exploit the situation to step up settlement building and increase economic pressures on

But if the Palestinians enter talks, they fear they could end up with autonomy under Israeli rule

instead of independence. Supporters in the Gaza Strip of Hamas, a leading force in the 45-month-old revolt against Israeli rule, said the PNC had

nothing left to offer. Hamas opposes the U.S. prop-csals for a Middle East peace conference and has refused to attend the PNC session.

"It's very difficult for the PNC to take a decisive decision in the present situation because it already gave everything in advance." said Jamal Al Khudari, 36, deputy chairman of the Gaza

Engineers Association. Hazem Yazouri, 19, son of one of the founders of Hamas, said that in the unlikely event the PNC did take a decisive stand, the people of the occupied terri-

tories would not heed it. "If the PNC takes any strong decisions the Palestinian people will not be committed to them because the PNC does not repre-

sent the Palestinians," he said. Israel Sunday said it banned a Palestinian recently allowed to return to the occupied West Bank from attending the PNC session.

OSWAN EXHIBITION

"28th Anniversary Sale"

On all electrical and home appliances from a wide variety of brands.



10% special discount



ه ثلاجة سعة ٤ قدم اجمالي و باب واحد و لاستعمال الكتب أوالمنزل.

Only Cash Sales

Accredited distributors for:

National, Toshiba, Samsung, White House, Acma, Gold Star, Indesit, Universal.

Open on Fridays

AMMAN, RAS EL EIN JERUSALEM ST. OPPOSITE **ARAB BANK**

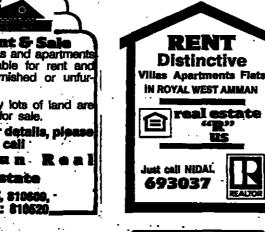
TEL.: 776128



TEL 604676 604696

P.O.BOX 7806 -

4 Rent & Sale Many villas and apartments are available for rent and sale - furnished or unfur-Also many lots of land are available for sale. For further details, piesse - call Estate Tel. \$10665, 810609, Fax: 810520

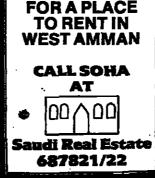


STUDIO HAIG Professional Quality in 1. Hour Service

Develop your colour film at

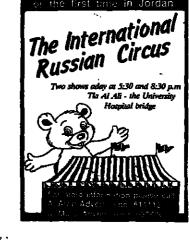
our shop and get:-. JUMBO photo size 30% larger ·Free enlargemit 20 x 30 cm

Shmeisani - Opp. Grindlays Bank. Phone: 604042 Swefick tel: 823891



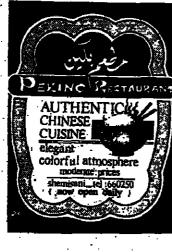
LOOKING





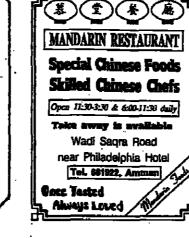


Ahliyyah Girls School Open daily 12:00-3:30 7:00 - Midnight

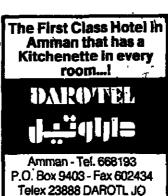




6:30 - Midnight







Ideal Residence For

Expatriates and

Businessmen



HOROSCOPE FORECAST FOR MONDAY SEPTEMBER 23, 1991

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The Har-

west Pull Moon in Aries today affords us an opportunity to truly live the spiritual, religious, ideas that we have aquired in

our thoughts or philosophy. Give a hand to those who assist your develop-

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You're

able to quietly do those things by which you can either give help to others or

yourself gain advancement to your own ideas of projects.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Gotting

together with friends and acquaintances or doing things that they enjoy brings you much progress today, then tonight avoid an upset pal.

GEMINE: (May 21 to June 21) You are

able to get out in the world to do for or assist one in power in the daytime so

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to 22) This is the day for you to correspond and communicate with those at a dis-MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Your depth of character expresses itself today in almost anything you do so be good to all about, then tought sidestep problems with close friends.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22). This is your day to actually find out what is expected of you by others by asking them directly for thier standpoints, then you can bring order out of confusion.

LERRA: (Soptember 23 to October 22) A day when you find that you leave the need to do much that pleases your usual

tance and to be openminded to sims, then tonight take it easy.

catapanits, then tonight

Namibia's Fredericks eases into **100m semis at All-Africa Games**

Fredericks, Africa's fastest man, eased into the 100 metres semifinals in the All Africa Games Sunday and then had to convince organisers he had actually run in his heat.

The Namibian, who ran 9.95 seconds in the 100 metres final at the recent World Athletics Championships in Tokyo, won his heat in 10.47 while organisers maintained he had withdrawn.

The stadium scoreboard showed Fredericks as a nonstarted and the organisers distributed results saying he had not

It took 50 minutes before the error was corrected in the sta-

Ironically, the athletics events had already been pushed back a day to allow top names time to come to Cairo after competing in the Barcelona Grand Prix meet-

ing Friday. - Cameroon's Samuel Nchinda clocked the fastest time on a sweltering morning, winning his heat in 10:30 in front of a small

but enthusiastic crowd. Nigerian Davidson Ezinwa also showed he is a potential threat to Fredericks with a time of 10:35. Nigeria, who edged Kenya by

one gold in athletics at the last Africa Games in 1987, dominated the women's 100 metres heats,

winning three races out of four.

PARIS (R) - Second half goals

from the French League's leading marksmen George Weah and

Jean-Pierre Papin saved leaders

Monaco and champions Marseille

Monaco, who had won nine of

from shock home defeats to new-

their previous 10 matches, trailed

Nimes by a 24th-minute goal

from 21-year-old Ahmad Mahar-

zi, his first strike in the first

But the big Liberian Weah

saved the day when substitute

Christophe Thomas fired in a

fierce shot in the last minute, but

Nimes keeper Lionel Perez made

at the Stade Velodrome where

European Cup finalists Marseille

- were rocked by a 24th minute

goal from Pierre Laigle of Lens,

like Maharzi a 21-year-old play-

ing in his first season in the upper

BERLIN (AP) — Manfred Kastl

scored two minutes before half-

time and Guido Buchwald and

Maurizio Gaudino added second-

half goals, leading VFB Stuttgart

to a 4-1 victory over defending

champion Kaiserslautern and into

The victory improved Stutt-

gart's record to 6-2-2, and, with Eintracht Frankfurt's 3-3 draw

with Bayern Munich, put VFB

atop the German first division by

In other games Saturday, it was

Borussia Dortmund 2, Hambur-

ger SV 2; FC Nuremberg 2, Stutt-

garter Kickers 0; Werder Bremen

, Hansa Rostock 0; and Bayer

On Friday, VFL Bochum won

Leverkusen 4. Dynamo Dresden

2-1 at Wattenscheid: Fortuna

Dasseldorf routed Karlsruher 5-

1, and Borussia Moenchenglad-

In Stuttgart, Kaiserslautern

took the lead in the 15th minute on Wolfgang Funkel's goal but

Yugoslav sweeper Slobodan

WITH OMAR SHARIF

Both vulnerable. South deals. NORTH A J 6 4 2 Q J 9 10 8 4

EAST

K 7 4

North East

4 🛊

Study the bidding and play of this

hand. Then determine who, if any

one, made any errors in either the

West's jump to three diamonds

was preemptive, the accepted style

for well over a quarter of a century.

With a full opening bid and superb

support for partner who had

opened, North felt confident about

king of diamonds. East started an

echo with the seven. West continued

On West's opening lead of the

Pose

WEST

-10 A 3

T-9 4 3

1 +

AKJ962

SOUTH

West

Opening lead: King of

3 Pass

auction or the play.

jumping to four spades.

+ 10 9 8 5 3

A 6 5 2

bach drew 2-2 with Cologne.

Erst place in the Bundesliga.

The story was almost identical

ly promoted sides.

a miraculous save.

Weah, Papin save blushes

for Monaco and Marseille

Stuttgart heads Bundesliga

competed in Barcelona on Friday, won her heat in 11:65.

Compatriot Beatrice Utondo looked particularly impressive as she clocked 11:52 to win her race. Samson Kitur of Kenya, favourite for the 400 metres, eased up 20 metres from the line but still won his heat in 47:00

Egyptian and Algerian athletes swept a total of 28 medals and together broke six African records, dominating the first day of competitions.

Egyptians led with nine gold medals and five new African records, mainly in weightlifting and

Algerian athletes also posted strong performances in the two sports, garnering 13 medals overall to Egypt's 15. Tunisia was third with three medals.

Forty-six teams are participating in the games.

The competitions ran smoothly after a chaotic opening night Friday in which crowds converged on the stadium, jamming traffic and breaking into scuffles with police at entrance gates. The ceremony's Pharaonic show drew wild applause and was largely

praised by officials Saturday. In weightlifting, Egypt's Ramadan Mahmoud won three gold medals in the 52-kg division,

sweeping the snatch, clean and

Marseille coach Tomislav Ivic

replaced midfielder Franck

Sauzee at half time with an extra

striker in Daniel Xuereb and the

move paid off when Papin took a

Chris Waddle cross to score his

eighth goal of the season in the

But, despite their dominance,

Marseille could not force the

winner and it was Lens who went

closest near the end through their

young striker Roger Boli, brother

Metz at the Parc Des Princes.

beaten club in the league, were on

impressive form, winning with

first half goals from Antoine

Kombouare and Daniel Bravo

and a third just after the break

Buchwald's 59th-minute goal

In Munich, Joern Andersen

Bruno Labbadia gave Bayern

1-0 and 3-2 leads, the latter com-

ing in the 54th minute. Norwe-

gian striker Joern Andersen

scored the other goal for Frank-

furt while Manfred Bender

accounted for Bayern's other tal-

13 points, just behind Frankfurt

and just ahead of Hamburg on

goal difference. Andreas Fischer

scored in the 37th, Romanian Ion

Lupescu in the 54th, Martin Kree

on a free-kick in the 65th and

Marko Schroeder a minute be-

with the ace, fetching the queen from South, and then the jack, on which East discarded a club. Declar-

er ruffed, cashed the ace of spades and ace-king of clubs, then exited

with a trump. East was faced with a choice of losing options. Since a club

would give declarer a ruff and sluff.

East chose to exit with a heart. De-

clarer played low and captured West's ten with the jack. The queen

was then led for a finesse, and

whether East covered or not, declar-

er easily took the rest of the tricks.

It might seem that everyone had done the best job possible, but that's not so. Actually, the defense had found the only way to defeat the game, but East failed to make the

critical play. The looming endplay

should have been obvious, and there

was a simple way to avoid it - East

should have ruffed the third dia-

mond with the king of spades! East can exit safely with a trump

or club, but must still exercise a

modicum of care. When, eventually,

dummy, East must refuse to cover.

Later action will depend on declar-

er's play. If a second heart honor is

led. East must cover; if the nine is

led. East must duck. That will leave

declarer with a heart loser-down

declarer leads a heart honor from

What's your verdict?

fore the end.

GOREN BRIDGE

YOU BE THE JUDGE

scored his second goal of the

game with six minutes remaining

Gaudino's 77th-minute score

from Christian Perez.

completed the scoring.

to save Frankfurt.

balftime

The Paris side, the only un-

Veteran Mary Onyali, who also jerk and combined categories. All three marks set African re-

> "It's the first time I saw such a huge crowd come to see weightlifting and it touched my heart," Mahmoud, 26, said of the flagwaving, partisan crowd. "But I tried to stay calm and concentrate on the competition."

> Mahmoud, who broke one of his own records set at the fourth All-Africa Games in Nairobi in 1987, said he expected Egyptian athletes to face stiff competition from Nigerian and Algerian weightlifters in heavier divisions.

Mahmoud's teammate Mohammad Kehla won two gold medals in the 56-kg division, setting African records in the clean and jerk and combined categories. Algerian athletes won another nine medals.

In swimming, Insaf Hemch of Algeria set an African record in the women's 400 medley with a time of 5:12:78. Egyptian athletes earned another five gold and silver medals in men and women's swimming competitions. Senda Gharby of Tunisia, a

vious All-Africa Games, won her first individual gold in the 100m freestyle and led the winning team of the 4 by 200 relay. In karate, Egypt won the team kata and also garnered the gold

medal in single competitions.

triple-medal winner in the pre-

Meanwhile, the head of the International Olympic Committee (IOC) said Saturday that Africa might host its first Olympic games 13 years from now. The prediction dimmed Egypt's hopes for an Olympiad in 2000.

Speaking to reporters a day after the start of the fifth All-Africa Games, Juan Antonio Samaranch also said the IOC has invited South Africa to participate in the 1992 Olympics in Barcelona, Spain. But he said that country's participation would depend on its readmission to international sports federations.

In the All-Africa Games, athletes from 46 countries are competing in 18 events. Egypt expressed hope its ability to organise the games would support a bid for hosting the turn-off-thecentury Olympics. Sports officials have said they plan to apply at the Barcelona Olympics next year.

But Samaranch and other IOC officials placed the possibility of an African Olympiad in 2004. He made similar noncommittal comments Saturday after a meeting with President Hosni Mubarak.

"The IOC has organised Olympics all around the world except Africa," Samaranch told reporters at the news conference. This may be possible. First, we must have the sports infrastructure. Now Egypt is starting to have the infrastructure.

Man. United crushes Luton

LONDON (R) — Manchester United sustained their flying start to the pursuit of their first English Soccer League title for 25 years when they thrashed struggling

Luton 5-0 at Old Trafford. A second half burst of four goals, two in three minutes from Scottish striker Brian McClair, swept United to their seventh first division win of the season in an unbeaten run of nine games.

United stay four points ahead of second-placed Leeds, the only other first division team still undefeated, who pulled off a 1-0 home victory over Liverpool.

of Marseille stopper Basile Boli. Monaco lead with 19 points, Midfielder Steve Hodge, still two ahead of Marseille and signed from Nottingham Forest three ahead of Paris St. Germain last July, fired Leeds to their fifth who enjoyed a 3-0 victory over win in nine league matches with a 25th-minute goal against last season's runners-up.

England marksman Gary Lineker stole the individual scoring spotlight in the first division when he struck four goals for Tottenham in their 5-3 away victory against Wimbledon.

United, who have rarely made a better start to their bid for the league crown they last won in 1966-67, were set on course Dubajic tied it in the 32nd before against Luton by midfielder Paul Kasti gave VFB a 2-1 just before Ince's first goal of the season

But Luton, next to bottom of the 22-team division with two the match: "I can't think of a wins in 10 games, kept the leaders better game than Liverpool at waiting until the 63rd minute for the second goal.

However, once Steve Bruce had tucked away a spot kick awarded for handball, United destroyed their opponents with three more goals in nine minutes. McClair hit the first two before Wales striker Mark Hughes completed the rout.

Leeds continued their own impressive league form by ending a 19-match sequence against Liverpool without a victory.

It was a move by Scottish

midfielder Gordon Strachan, the mainspring who makes the side tick and appearing in his 100th game for Leeds, that led to the only goal. Strachan won a corner, took

the kick himself, and saw the ball run loose for Tony Dorigo to turn it back into the box from where Hodge swept it home. Tottenham jumped from sixth

to third place - seven points behind the leaders with two games in hand - after Lineker's goal spree.

England captain Lineker, suffering from a sore toe and strained back, shrugged off any lingering problems to lift his goal tally to 11 in seven league games the highest in the first division. His strikes in the 11th, 32nd

from the spot, 46th and 55th minutes were supported by a Vinny Samways goal 39 minutes as Spurs overturned a fifth minute Wimbledon lead gained through striker John Fashanu's penalty.

A veteran of 503 league games for clubs in Scotland and Eng land, Strachan, 34, said before Eliand Road to celebrate my 100."

Now Strachan is looking forward to a double century with Leeds. "I'd love to play another 100 games for them, but only if I can maintain the same standards. Leeds are going to keep progressing and I would'nt want to hold them back," he said.

Mansell disqualified in **Portuguese Grand Prix**

ESTORIL, Portugal (R) — Nigel Mansell's hopes of winning the World Drivers' Championship were virtually wiped out Sunday when he was disqualified from the Portuguese Grand Prix.

Victory went to the Briton's Williams team mate Riccardo Patrese of Italy.

Championship leader Ayrton Senna of Brazil, who finished second, increased his advantage over Mansell in the title race to 24 points. Three races remain and Senna now looks assured of clinching his third world title in four

Mansell was shown the black flag after 50 laps of the 71-lap race when he was in sixth place after a disastrous pit stop on lap 30 for a wheel change deprived him of the lead.

The pit stop took only 7.75 seconds. Mansell drove away but stopped almost immediately,

apparently not satisfied with one of the wheels.

Further work was carried out after his mechanics dashed down the pit iane to assist him.

A FISA official said the disqualification had been made under a regulation which covers the area where assistance is permitted.

At the time of the pit stop. Mansell was comfortably in the lead ahead of Patrese.

He then stormed through the field before being disqualified on lap 50. The angry Briton left the track before the race ended, claiming he did not understand why he had been disqualified.

Frenchman Jean Alesi was third in a Ferrari. Pierluigi Martini of Italy, also

in a Ferrari, was fourth with Nelson Piquet of Brazil fifth and Michael Schumacher of Germany sixth, both driving Benettons.



Monica Seles with the U.S. Open trophy

Seles crushes Fernandez to win Tokyo tournament

TOKYO (R) — World number one Monica Seles trounced Mary Joe Fernandez 6-1, 6-1 in the final of the \$350,000 Nichirei International Women's Tennis Tournament in Tokyo Sunday:

It took the 17-year-old Yugossaid Seles. lav only 56 minutes to demolish the American title holder. "I just wanted to finish the

match as soon as possible because anything can happen," said Seles. "As soon as I broke her in the first set I really felt in good shape comfortable 5-0 lead over the and hit the ball very well."

American. Seles has now reached the final of all 12 of the tournaments she has played this year, winning seven including three of the four Grand Slam events.

In a repeat of the Australian Open semifinal, Florida-based Seles took a 5-0 lead in the first set with her devastating serve and double-handed groundstrokes.

In January, Seles beat Fernan-dez 6-3, 0-6, 9-7 on her way to the Australian Open title. Fernandez, the second seed,

A desperate Fernandez broke Seles' service in the sixth, but she dropped the next game without

ankle.

"She did not give me a chance to get into the match. She attacked very well with returns of serve," said Fernandez.

"I really wanted to play very

Seles was beaten in last year's

quarterfinals after twisting her

In the second set. Seles fired

three sparkling service return

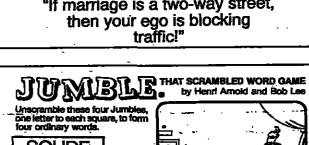
aces to take the fifth game for a

well here. Getting hurt last year

was back in my mind in Japan,

Seles earned \$70,000 for her 17th career singles title, equalling former number one Steffi Graf's record of winning 17 tournaments before her 18th birthday.

held her service in the sixth game but could not stop Seles' relentless attack.



SOUDE LIMPE

MACENE

POSHIN

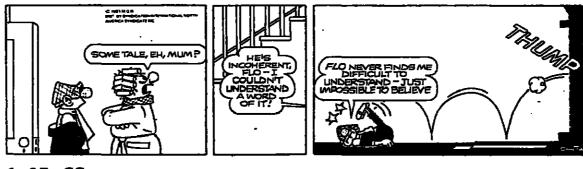
Now arrange the circled letters to

Jumbles: JOUST CURRY ENZYME BRAZEÑ

Peanuts In Leverkusen, four different players scored to return Bayer Leverkusen into third place with



Andy Capp



Mutt'n'Jeff





57 Fitting 60 Solo 62 Graceland's 13 Paradise 18 Bookkee entry 19 Arm bone 24 Sound of relief 25 — a sudden 27 Sługgish 28 Sired old style

claim to far 66 Drawing a 70 List ender 71 Ghoulish 72 Land measure 73 Not any 74 Shakesp sprite 75 Abound

53 Thanks -55 Great Ba

1 OT prophet 4 Tempest
5 Pedro's uncle
6 Ms Jillian
7 Ready money
8 Tatum or Ryan
9 Literary spin-off
10 Consumed

29 Redolence 30 Seamstress 32 Boxer Joe 34 Court drame 35 Cher's ex 36 Part of EAP 42 — La Douce Morpheus

57 Verily 58 Arab bread 59 Romanov ru

Yesterday's Puzzie Solved

64 Concerning



Embro

Water 1

· ·

Ticke

ile Ro

Goethe

ile N

÷:<u>:</u>--

21) Whetever you have in mind that does require that you show affection and devotion to those who are close to you is very good for you now. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to Decomber 21) You can get your house fixed up just fixe or you can get gifts that would please your family loday but avoid a confrontation with them CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You can dash about doing your shopping and crands, getting last mi-nute daties completed with case, then tonight relex and give your feet a test.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You can do most anything you like and have some very pleasant events happen for you so get out and see people or do whatever you like to do.

AQUARIUS: (lansary 21 to February 19) Now you are able to think out a funnicial arrangement that can bring you the good will of practical sainted persons, then tonight help a distressed

allies and those to whom you can render

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November

Teday's child: If your child were born today she or he will feel caged in during their early life but don't worry about it because this child would feel this way wherever they were. Teaching this offspring the value of self control during adolescence pays big dividends at maturity when they can be a great force for constructive good. "The stars impel, they do not com-

pel." What you make of your life is largely up to you.

* Fully authorised jewellers. Precious & semi-precious genes Amman- Rio De Jameiro Amman- Amra Hosel- 6th. circle World Resourses-Dagen & Co. Inc. Jewelers-Gert-J



A GOOD POLITICIAN SOMETIMES SPEAKS HIS MIND, BUT HE'S BETTER OFF WHEN HE DOES THIS.

(Answers tomorrow

Answer: When Millicent changed her name to Millie, she didn't have this.—A CENT TO HER NAME

THE Daily Crossword by Samuel K. Filegner

Financial

Cairo Amman Bank



Foreign Exchange Market Summary (September 16-September 20, 1991)

THE dollar/mark interest rate differential resurfaced as a market driving force towards the end of last week, thus pressuring the U.S currency in a performance similar to that of the previous week. Notwithstanding the role of two political news items in reviving the dollar Wednesday, technical analysis was the decisive factor during most of last week's trading sessions, particularly with most of the U.S. economic data releases coming within expectations. The dollar finished the week arginally lower against major European currencies, but marginally

In choppy directionless trading, the dollar drifted lower Monday gainst market concern that another USD discount rate cut could be forthcoming in the near future. It ended at its lowest level of the week inst the yen at 133.65 yen, as several U.S. banks cut their prime rates

The dollar continued to drop against major European currencies Tuesday, closing in New York at what was to be its lowest closing levels of the week at 1.6725 marks and 1.7425 dollars to the sterling pound. In the absence of major news items, together with the on-going uncertainty over the U.S. currency's direction in the short run, technical factors

prevailed as the dollar probed support at 1.6675 marks, then resistance at 1.6775 marks, failing to breach either.

Wednesday witnessed the dollar rally under the combined effect of technical and political factors. The fact that support levels of 1.6650 marks and 133.50 yen remained unbreached during the week, called for a technical correction, in which traders covered their short dollar positions. News of U.S. war planes being sent to Saudi Arabia and Russian President Boris Yeltsin suffering from a minor heart attack fuelled some safe haven dollar buying, pushing it further up. But the dollar still closed below its peak for the day, thus reinforcing the underlying bearish sentiment towards it, while some observers m tained that its rally was only temporary. August's U.S. Housing Starts data released during the day revealed an expected rise of 0.6%.

The dollar continued to rally Thursday in a technical carry-over from the previous day thus closing at its highest level of the week against the German currency at 1.6875 marks. The U.S. currency, nevertheless, declined against other major currencies following the release of July's U.S. Trade data to reveal a deficit of \$5.9 billion, against expectations of a deficit of \$5.4 billion and June's deficit of \$3.79 billion.

Friday, on the other hand, witnessed a mark rebound against the dollar and on the crosses, causing the dollar to firm against other major currencies. The dollar's failure to breach resistance at 1.70 marks, having reached a peak of 1.6985 marks, re-instated the underlying dollar/mark yield gap and the uncertainty over the U.S. economy's recovery, as major factors affecting tracing activity.

Expectations concerning the dollar's direction during this week

remain mixed, but several observers expect dollar support to hold at 1.6700 and at 1.6650 marks. The breach of these levels, on the other hand, could take the U.S. currency to as low as 1.6200 marks.

EMBROIDERY 2000

Monograming on towels. Embroidery on shirts and T. shirts. Embroidery on wool and leather. Embroidery on jeans.

Latest European designs for ladies. Costumes and jackets.

Embroidery 2000. Shmeisani tel.: 693046-

National Music Conservatory/Noor Al Hussein Foundation and Goethe Institut-Amman

in a piano recital Tuesday, September 24, 1991, at 8 p.m. The Royal Cultural Centre

Tickets - for JD 5 each - are available at: The Royal Cultural Centre, tel. 669026

Works by - Brahms, Schmann, Mozart and Schubert

Erika Frieser

- Goethe Institut - Amman, tel. 641993 The National Music Conservatory, tel. 687620

Announces the beginning of its Autumn course for Spanish

- The duration of the course: 3 months and includes all levels. Registration for this course starts on Saturday September 21,

- The course begins on Wednesday October 2, 1991. Classes

- For more information please call 624049 or 610858 - Location: Jabai Amman between First and Second

N.B.: Registration takes place at the present location of the Spanish Cultural Centre — Queen Zein street.

The classes will take place in the new building of the Spanish

Cultural Centre: Third Circle — behind Jordan Intercontinental

The cost of the course is JD 40 including books.

Hotel, near Al-Sharq restaurant (Abu Ahmad)

Central bank governor reviews recent achievements, outlines challenges facing Jordan in coming years

text of a speech delivered off-the-cuff by Dr. Mohammad Sa'id Al Nabulsi, governor of the Central Bank of Jordan, during a dinner hosted by the Association of Banks in Jordan on Aug, 7,. 1991. The speech, which appeared in the September ne of the Banks in Jordan magazine, was translated and summarised by Samir

The events which shook our economic structure in 1988 and 1989 were only a relatively simple and negligible forerunners to what lied in store for us, in Jordan and the region as a whole, during

It is now one year and seven days since what happened in Aug. 2, 1990 but I will not seize this occasion for political talk nor to review the economic events which Jordan passed through before and after that date.

It is a fact that we are living the consequences of that huge hurricane and great tremor of August 1990 but I consider that a sideline and a passing phase and I would rather expand in this address on the currents and general trends which started in the Jordanian banking circles in the late 80s and are still continuing and which we might well live through in future

Two years ago, we were saying in a similar gathering that the first priority for reform was to rebuild the central bank reserves as a first step to monetary stability. This achievement is the most valuable which we have secured during the past two years.

The reserves, as you know, have been rebuilt either through the net portion of what belongs to the central bank or through the portions belonging to reserves of the banks.

We consider regaining monetbecause Jordan is the only country in the region which enjoyed monetary stability over tens of years. We know of no years when investments in the Kingdom sank so low as those last few years during which there was no monetary stability.

This achievement is being actually felt and enjoyed since the last couple of years and the stability is not artificial but real as the central bank can defend it through its reserves' strength.

The second achievement is the gaining of confidence in the Jordanian economy at both the internal and external levels. The confidence stemmed not only from the monetary stability but the country achieve a new also from the reform in the bank-equilibrium in its external pay-

ing sector.
The Kingdom faced banking strains during the past three or four years as a result of severe weakening and near-collapse of some institutions and the mability many aspects; some scientifically

heating + car garage.



mad Sa'id Al Nabulsi of some banking units to cope with developments despite its proper setup. Through remedial action in the banking system, the need became great and pressing to reevaluate the whole structure and legislation governing banking activities.

During the task two years we also faced the task of extingnishing fires at a number of institutions where, as you know, some of which were eliminated, liquidated or merged to purify the banking body. This process, as I see it, is still in the beginning stage and so we are face to face with the gradual return to stability in the banking sector.

I would like to stop at these two points as far as the positive and good news during the past two years are concerned, but objectivity and scientific honesty require that we look at the other side also.

We should not overlook the fact that although we attained monetary stability, which, we are confident will continue for at least the next two years, there were circumstances in the past two years that helped us in consolidating our foreign exchange reserves and, consequently, our ability to intervene to support the monetary stability.

The question that arises now is: ary stability as a corner stone Does the achievement complement the elements of continuity and stability in the future from a monetary point of view?

We know that the circumstances were conducive to our efforts in the past two years but there were also extraordinary factors as well, not the least of which for example, was the strong foreign aid received by the Kingdom last year to help it cope with aftermath of the Gulf war.

That was one reason among many which helped increase our foreign exchange assets but, can any unusual factors to help the Kingdom build up the needed balance of payments to enable ments and to maintain entinued stability and growth.

I am not more able than any of you to answer this question because the answer depends on

related and some other facets are totally outside any limit of scientific analysis as we have observed during these two years.

In the banking sector, despite all the measures taken to rectify many negative aspects that threatened to harm the confidence of depositors and Arab as well as foreign interests in our banking setup, we still face a formidable task. It is clear to us that our banking system is still far through lowering costs and offer-ing new financial products to the

I doubt that any of us feel totally comfortable to the situation in the banking system as we still feel that some institutions need to be remedied either in form or strength or through the type of services rendered.

such, it involves the government and not only the central bank.

This national economic instability, especially after the Gulf crisis, has deepened and much be addressed within the "adjustment programme" framework. We must resolutely enter the process of reform to bring back the balance to many areas of the economy because our monetary sta-

Two and a half years ago, the people unanimously talked about the adjustment programme but I fear that over the months and with the public's reliance on the newly achieved stability, we ight forget that what happened in 1988 was the result of neglecting factors of reform in the national economy.

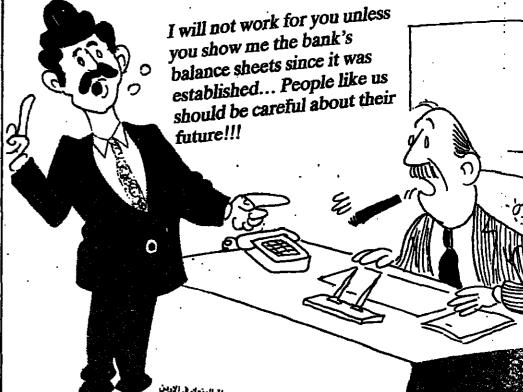
This is an extremely critical

The 1988 crisis could not have been solved then and would not be totally solved now unless we continue the reform process with or without the cooperation of the International Monetary Fund. It shoud be reminded of that crisis so that we are aware that the imbalances should be under control for many years through a crystal-clear programme which includes predetermined targets and steady stages for implementation.

from catching up with the ongoing development and is much away from competing successfully with large banks which, over a long period of time, managed to form strong and managements capable of making profits

The truth which we cannot scape is that the challenges we face in our monetary and banking strategies for the future are extremely deep and intertwined in the Kingdom's general economic conditions. The huge and basic challenges lie mainly in the distortions in the balance of payments and the general national budget and include growth and investment development and, as and the private and public sectors

bility depends largely on that.



can keep the monetary stability, is therefore positive as long as we can sustain the sacrifices from the reforms which carry a price that is

inevitable to pay.

On the banking side, it is relatively easier to control the crisis, which continue to hit us one after another, once we have a very clear perspective for the future years. The monetary stability involves many internal and external elements but restructuring the banking sector is more manageable for reform.

It is obvious from the very beginning that out banking legislation and parameters have been for a very long time unmodernised and inflexible. A proof of that was the necessity to turn to the Economic Security Council during the past two years and to use the martial law as an umbrella to perform certain banking re-

As such, updating the legislation and even enacting some provisions is our utmost priority. An example here is pertinent.

The central bank law includes a provision since 1964 to establish a deposit guarantee institution but this item was never enacted for many reasons. Had such an institution been set up it would is vital and even a duty that we have played a significant role in action. Truthfully, I think somepast turbulances and in saving thing is wrong. Why our training public money for the treasury.

amend U.S. banking laws. Even banks. in Lebanon, they suffer from

Jordan also. It is, therefore, imperative that we examine the experiences of other countries. especially Lebanon from whom e learned much in updating

Besides updating and mod-ernising the legal framework, there is also the subject of developing and improving the banking management in Jordan. I can say that we were the forerunners in setting up training institutes at the central bank and in many other locations. Over the past 20 years, these institutions were played a very important role in modernising management at banks and in updating information of employees in addition to introducing new banking techi-

However, honestly speaking, we look and wonder where do our training efforts stand in promoting the managerial calibre. We cannot deny that a great part of the decline we sank to managerially at some banks was due to the laxity in providing these banks with the necessary

We feel that after twenty years of continuous efforts in training there is still room for greater efforts bear no fruit? We ought to World nations continuously up- have highly qualified personnel to date their financial laws. There is manage banks and I must say that no ideal financial legislation at all we face a real crisis in the area of times. We hear about efforts to senior cadres even at the central

The central bank provided

many of its excellent cadres to the banking sector and other areas and now we face the problem of a new generation for managerial posts and some difficulties have resulted in advancing new highly qualified personnel.

The last issue is that there is no escape whatsoever from continuing in a more pressing form to minimise the number of financial institutions through merging as many as we can to come up with banking units more capable to

face the problems of the future. With the exception of a few institutions, we can say that we do not have the strength of banks which can confidently weather the future. It is not important that a financial entity lives through the years of lavishness, such as the seventies, but the eighties, the years of scarcity which may live

with us in the coming years. We live the years of strains and years of dullness in economic growth and many financial institutions are failing this real test in this period needing the show of

This is the next phase-which we, as a monetary authority, in cooperation with the banking system should be aiming at ... how to purify the banking system from ity to progress? This is a very important question that we should live with for many years.

We should not stop or relax to what I may describe, with your permission, "the prestige of office" only functioning or growing at a minimal level under a legitimate cover.

TO LET

Fully furnished semi villa, 3 bedrooms, garden, garage. Located at Fourth Circle, Jabal Amman. Please call 672552

Deluxe Furnished Flat For Rent

2 bedrooms, dining room, living room, salon, central **Contact: 837638**

heating. Located at Tla'a Al Ali.

★ Annual Rent ★

FOR SALE BY SEALED ENVELOPE

The Delegation of the Commission of the European Communities in Amman is offering some used furniture for sale by sealed envelopes.

Those interested should contact EC Delegation Amman, at tel. 668191 for inspection on Wednesday, 25 September 1991, between 10:00 and 12:00 hrs. Bids shall be submitted to the Delegation on

Sunday, 29 September 1991, at the latest.



JOB OPPORTUNITY

Five stars leading hotel in Amman is in need of highly qualified waiters/waitresses.

Good command of English language, experienced in four & five star hotels, Jordanian nationals.

if interested please send your C.V. in English, reference letters, recent coloured photo and contact telephone to: P.O.Box 5027 addressed to Personnel Dept., prior to Sept. 38, 1991

Tel: 677420 CONCORD

ICA'S LAW Mahmoud Abdul Aziz Athar Ai Hakim

are taught by Spanish instructors.



Show: 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

Nabil Al Mashini Theatre

THE OPENING OF Nabil Al Mashini Theatre

SOMERSAULT TIME PLAY

Starring: The family of 'Abu Awwad neighbourhood' Shows start at 8:30 every evening

Tel: 634144 PHILADELPHIA

Apartment For Sale or Rent (Long Lease)

Roof (Penthouse Apt.), between 5th and 6th Circles, 3rd Fir. with

elevator. 3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, large kitchen, living, dining rooms... etc. Total area 178 sq.m + terrace 156 sq.m. Separate

Call tel.: 822939

FURNISHED DELUXE APARTMENT

FOR RENT

Consists of three bedrooms, guest room, living room, maid room, three bathrooms, kitchen, telephone and

central heating, with an area of 220 square metres.

Street, near Bilal Mosque. The house number is 24.

Location: Western Shmeisani, Abdul Hameed Al Nimr

For information please call tel.: 664256 or 685593



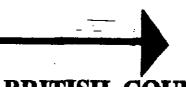
Show: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 p.m.

Tel: 625155 rainbow

ANA WIL'ZAB WIHAWAK

(Arabic)

Show: 3:30, 6:30, 8:30 p.m.



THE BRITISH COUNCIL **PRESENTS**

The David Lean Film Festival Presented by: Mr. Sami Kamal Opening remarks: David Lean's Place in British Screen - Dreamers & Visionaries: Heroes & Heroines in David

Showing: THE BRIDGE ON THE RIVER KWAI Mon. 23 — 7 p.m. Beginnings: The Noel Coward Connection

Tue. 24 — 7 p.m. The 1940s and the Literary Adaptations

Wed. 25 — 7 p.m.

Showing: GREAT EXPECTATIONS OLIVER TWIST Showing: A PASSAGE TO INDIA

Showing: THE SOUND BARRIER MADELEINE Sat. 28 — 7 p.m.

- Memorable Scenes & Great Actors Showing: BRIEF ENCOUNTER IN WHICH WE SERVE Showing: HOBSON'S CHOICE Sun. 29 — 7 p.m.

- Other Dimensions: Lean the Editor Mon. 30 — 7 p.m.
- Closing Remarks: Is David Lean A Great Director?

Showing: LAWRENCE OF ARABIA Tue. October 1-7 p.m. Discussion: Ryan's Dangbier - Wed. Oct. 2 - 7 p.m.











Croatia, army declare truce

BELGRADE (AP) — The federal defence minister and bloodied Croatia Sunday declared a ceasefire in the fighting raging in the republic from the Danube River to the Adriatic Sea.

It was not immediately clear whether this ceasefire, the second announced in less than a week. could hold.

Air raid sirens wailed in Zagreb, the Croatian capital, five minutes before the ceasefire was to take effect at 3 p.m. (1300

Army forces still were massed in eastern Croatia, and in the rival Republic of Serbia near the Croatian border. Fighting raged around the republic as the new ceasefire deadline approached.

But an order from Croatian President Franjo Tudjman read on Croatian TV announcing the ceasefire directed local officials to lift an embargo on water, food, electricity and medical care to federal army barracks in the re-Imposition of the blockade last

Saturday drew the army much more deeply into fighting with the

22, 1991, at 1500 cease all attacks

and movements, and ensure an obsolute ceasefire," said the

statement, which was transmitted

by the Yugoslav News Agency.

Vesna Skare, a spokeswoman

for Croatian President Franjo

Tudiman, said he and Gen.

Kadijevic reached a verbal agree-

ment on a ceasefire Sunday

morning, apparently in a tele-

ANC declined comment on the

reports, but one source did con-

firm that specific proposals had

Agreement in the short term

on the code of conduct could plug

the main gap in a peace accord

signed by President F.W. de Klerk, ANC leader Nelson Man-

dela and Dr. Buthelezi on Sept.

The three newspapers said the

government had proposed making soldiers answerable to the

been made to the ANC.

She said the deal was made on the basis of overtures Croatia had republic's forces. "An agreement was reached made Saturday to the federal with the leadership of Croatia at 11:50 today to issue and publicly More than 500 have been killed announce mutual orders about an

in fighting in Croatia since the republic declared independence absolute ceasefire, to end all attacks and movement, at 1500 on June 25. The last ceasefire agreement hours (1300 GMT) on Sept. 22,

1991," said a statement issued by was made Tuesday, when Tudjman, Gen. Kadijevic and Serbian Defence Minister Veljko Slobodan Milosevic signed an agreement with European Com-"In this connection, I am munity (EC) mediator Lord Carordering all commands, units, and institutions of the Yugoslav People's Army on the territory of But fighting continued unthe Republic of Croatia: On Sept.

abated after that agreement, and escalated within days.

The army launched a major offensive at eastern Croatia from Serbian territory Friday, apparently aimed at some of the few strongholds Crnatian forces have left in the area. Fighting has been reported around the towns of Vinkovci and Vukovar.

On Saturday, Croatian leaders offered to restore water and electricity to federal barracks, and

power or any political party.

It also proposed limiting the

scope for secret operations like

the Civil Cooperation Bureau, a

shadowy military hit squad

alleged to have killed scores of

The Liberal Sunday Times quoted from the draft: "... (offic-

ers) recognise human rights in the

execution of their duties and shall

accept personal responsibility for

the legality of the conduct of

anti-apartheid activists.

allow food to get in. But they said they would continue to surround the barracks.

Gen. Kadijevic rejected the feelers as insufficient and pledged resolute military action.'

It was not known what had changed in order for the two sides to call for a ceasefire. Gen. Kadijevic said Saturday

the army's move was intended to relieve barracks besieged by the Croats. But Croatian officials and some Western diplomats said it appeared to be part of a bigger plan to carve out new borders for a smaller, weaker Croatia and a new, Serb-dominated Yugosla-Croatian officials reported the

fall of the key strategic town of Petrinja, 60 kilometres south of Zagreb, the Croatian capital.

They said Petrinja, a small town of about 7,000 Serbian and Croatian inhabitants on the road to Zagreb, fell after days of vicious street fighting when army troops captured a bridge and cut the road north.



A member of the Croatian National Guard transports a mortar in a pickup truck to the front to fight

Earlier, Tanjug said a powerful column of tanks and armoured vehicles scored a major success in eastern Croatia, which the army has cut off from the rest of the

Tanjug said the armoured column punched its way into the town of Vinkovci and relieved the army garrison blockaded and besieged by Croatian fighters for

army had won the upper hand in

The success showed that the

eastern Croatia and diplomats said it had the firepower to take the bigger nearby towns of Osijek and Vukovar if it decided so.

S. Africa proposes new army role to ANC rather than to the government in Both the government and the

Kadijevic.

JOHANNESBURG (R) - The African National Congress (ANC) is studying government proposals for an army which could include black veterans of the 30-year war against South Africa's white-led military machine.

Three Sunday papers reported leaked details of a proposal to the ANC and Zulu chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi's Inkatha Freedom Party on a code of conduct for the current army and a framework fence force.

for a neutral post-apartheid de-Democrats

attack Bush

LOS ANGELES (R) - Demo-

cratic Party leaders ended a

three-day meeting predicting that

their potential presidential candi-

dates would attack President

nominee at the party convention

Mr. Bush has not yet declared

Chris Spirou, chairman of the

himself a candidate in the Nov. 3,

New Hampshire Democratic Par-

ty, said the potential candidates

"My assessment is George Bush is going to be confronted by

a pack of pit bull dogs who will

caused," he told Reuters.

will continually attack.

hope to

like pit

bull dogs

in the 1992 election.

presidential candidates.

next July.

1992 election.

cy of greed.

record 90 per cent.

Superpowers hail 'final phase' of Cambodia diplomacy UNITED NATIONS (AP) -"The process of creating a The five permanent members of

the U.N. Security Council Saturday hailed the Cambodian government and guerrilla factions for bringing within reach "lasting peace in that country."

day announced that the government and guerrilla factions have agreed to a peace accord. He said the document would be signed Oct. 31 in Paris, ending the 20vear civil war. The United States, France,

George Bush like "pit bull dogs" The 413-member Democratic National Committee concluded a meeting Saturday after showing off seven announced or possible lating the Cambodians.

The committee, the National Party Organisation, is an imporference. tant voting bloc to woo since each member will have a vote in select ing the Democratic presidential

try," the communique said.

constitution and the people

Prince Norodom Sihanouk Fri-

Britain, China and the Soviet Union — the five permanent Security Council members -Saturday joined with Indonesia to issue the communique congratu-

Indonesia and France are cosponsors of the Paris peace con-

comprehensive settlement agreement for Cambodia seems to have entered its final phase, thus bringing closer to realisation the goal of national reconciliation and lasting peace in that coun-

It congratulated the Cambodians for reaching a compromise on the electoral system, their main difference before this week, and for deciding to give the top U.N. official in Cambodia final say in policy decisions if the Cambodians cannot reach con-

The diplomats also thanked the Cambodian government and three guerrilla factions for agreeing to give the United Na-tions "detailed information on their military forces at an early

Former agent says he was 'fifth man' in U.K. spy ring

LONDON (AP) — The "fifth man" in Kim Philby's spy ring that revealed some of Britain's biggest secrets to the Kremlin has come forth and confirmed his

The man himself - John Cairneross, a former highranking British intelligence grab him by the legs and drag him agent, has verified accounts of his participation.

through the streets of America so he can see the misery he has Mr. Philby, considered the most damaging double agent in Party leaders said a theme of British history, spied for the the speeches here was that Re-Soviets for 26 years before fleeing publican Bush had spread a polito Moscow in 1963. He and three other members of his spy ring recruited in the 1930s - Guy Mr. Bush, whose overall approval in the latest Gallup poll Burgess, Donald Maclean and Anthony Blunt - are now dead. was 68 per cent, is a highly

popular president. The Gulf war "I was made one of the five victory boosted his rating to a during the war. I hope this will finally put an end to the fifth man The same poll gives him high mystery," Mr. Cairneross, 78, told the Mail on Sunday news-

marks for handling foreign policy but low ones for handling the paper at his home in Provence, economy, now in recession. Traditionally economic issues decide He was named as the fifth man last year in the book "KGB: The Inside Story of its operations from Lenin To Gorbachev" by

presidential elections. Two-time presidential aspirant Jesse Jackson gave few clues as to whether he would run again. Soviet double agent Oleg Gor-dievsky, who defected to Britain in 1985. Mr. Cairncross denied it He said the party needed a vision to win and that he would work for the party whether or not at the time. The accusation was repeated

last week by former KGB Col-onel Yuri Modin in an article in "If I were your president, my first act would be to call a domestic summit with a plan to rebuild the Soviet magazine "Sover-America," he said. shenko Sekretno," or Top Secret. Senator Tom Harkin of Iowa, Mr. Cairncross spent 16 years working for Britain's Foreign an unabashed liberal, said Mr. Office, the treasury, a govern-Bush had sent "a message of unbridled greed ... get what you ment minister's office, Britain's can, to hell with everyone else." electronic eavesdropping centre He predicted victory over Mr. and M16, the spy agency re-Bush if the party works together "to take back the country from sponsible for gathering foreign

intelligence. the privileged few." Among information be passed "George Bush is more than to the Soviets, according to Mr. happy to tell Israel how to behave Gordievsky, was their first warn-- why won't he tell Wall Street ing of the Anglo-American decihow to behave?" said Arkansas sion to build an atomic bomb in Governor Bill Clinton, a moderthe 1940s.

The Mail on Sunday did not say Former California Governor whether Mr. Cairneross discussed Jerry Brown admonished Demothe atomic bomb allegations. crats and Republicans for politicwhat other damaging information he gave the Soviets or why he An unorthodox liberal refor-

chose to betray his country. While all five men were recruited at the same college, Col. Modin said in the magazine arti-de that the fact that they were KGB officer in 1988 at age 76.

known to the KGB as "the five"

was coincidental. "The five got their name in 1943 because Moscow centre was physically unable to process the large amount of intelligence material covering Great Britain and the British empire," he said. Five agents were selected as

being of prime importance in obtaining German plans to counter the Russian offensive, and their information was given priority treatment, Col. Modin said.

"The five were not a team of agents or a Communist Party cell. They all worked independently, he said. "It now seems to me that ignorance over this was one of the reasons why the investigations by Britain's M15 in 1951 into those five spies took so long."

Mr. Cairneross told the Mail on Sunday he was promoted into the ranks of the other four spies after the Battle of Kurks in 1943. "I had provided information

which helped the Soviets to win that battle against the Germans," he said. According to Mr. Gordievsky,

Mr. Cairneross provided informa-tion to the Soviets on the position of Luftwaffe and Panzer units prior to the battle.

Mr. Cairneross was given immunity from prosecution after admitting to the M15, Britain's internal intelligence agency, in 1952 and 1964 that he had been a Soviet agent.

"Yes, I helped the Russians. I was recruited at Cambridge before the war and continued meeting my Soviet contacts in London in the post-war years," he said.

Mr. Gordievsky's book, written with Cambridge intelligence historian Christopher Andrew, quoted KGB officer Dmitri Svetanko as saying: "Cairneross's achievements were the equal of any of the five except Philby." Mr. Philby was on his way to

becoming head of British intelligence when he came under suspicion in 1951 after warning Mr. Maclean and Mr. Burgess that they were under investigation and they fled to the Soviet Union. Mr. Philby followed 12

Armenia takes fast track to independence dent Mikhail Gorbachev smashed the power of Kremlin conserva-

YEREVAN, the Soviet Union (R) — Armenian leaders, bolstered by huge support for seces sion in Saturday's referendum, have abandoned their gradualist approach to breaking with Moscow and say they will declare ndependence Monday.

"Independence starts Monday, when parliament meets and says so." President Levon Ter-Petrosyan told reporters after the vote. "Independence is a political act against which there is no

The first result showed 92 per cent of the electorate in Yerevan voted yes, 0.5 per cent said no and 0.5 per cent of ballots were spoiled.

Results from outlying regions, which polls said would have voted even more strongly for independence, were due by Monday. Armenia's nationalistdominated parliament decided in-

itially to secede following Soviet

law — an uncertain process spread over five years and begining with the referendum.

Then last month's failed rightwing coup against Soviet Presi-

tives and sparked off a wave of independence declarations. All but three of the 15 Soviet

republics have now announced their secession, though Moscow has recognised only the three But the show of national pride

which has stayed strong despite 900 years of foreign domination — does not disguise the rough seas which lie ahead for "Of course it will be difficult,"

Ter-Petrosyan aide Ashot Antinyan told reporters. "But in declaring independence we are supporting the people's will and fulfilling a long-held goal."

Largely Christian Armenia,

which is about the size of Belgium, is surrounded by big neighbours, many of them ancient enemies. Azerbaijan is to the east, Georgia to the north, Turkey and Iran to the south and west. "The modern policy of Arme-

nia is that we should have normal relations with all our enighbours," said Tigran Martirosyan,

Ministry. "People are changing," states are changing." But Armenia remains locked in

bitter territorial dispute with Azerbaijan over Nagorno-Karabakh, a mainly-Armenian area under Azerbaijan adminis-

President's Boris Yeltsin of Russia and Nursultan Nazarbayev of Kazakhstan were due in Yerevan Sunday to discuss the conflict, which has cost more than 800 lives in three years.

"I have hopes about these talks," Mr. Ter-Petrosyan said Saturday night. "In the light of the putsch ... we are at a very suitable moment to reach a compromise as Azerbaijan no longer has such power in Moscow.

If the talks go well, the three presidents will travel to the mountain spa of Mineralniye Vody in southern Russia to hold negotiations with Azerbaijan's President Ayaz Mutalibov Monday or Tuesday, Mr. Antinyan

U.S. Congressman Wayne Owens, in Yerevan to monitor

fighting persisted he would press for U.N. observers to be sent to the zone.

Moscow gave Nagorno-Karabakh to Azerbaijan in 1923 in what Armenia says was a bid to appease Turkey, an old Arme-

Turkish-Armenian hostility still runs close to the surface, although Yerevan says it is now forging ties with Ankara as part of its new independence realism.

There is no threat from Turkey nowadays. There was - in the fact of the 1915 genocide but no longer," said the Foreign Ministry's Mr. Martirosyan. But memories are far from

dead, with a festival planned for Sunday to remember the 1.5 million Armenians whom Yerevan accuses the Turks of killing in 1915. Turkey denies it. Yeltsin, Nazarbayev in Karabakh

Mr. Yeltsin and Mr. Nazarbayev arrived in Nagorno-Karabakh Sunday in an attempt to mediate a peace in the bloody ethnic conflict between Armenia

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

U.K. Labour Party regains lead

LONDON (AP) - Speculation that Prime Minister John Major would call an election this autumn was subdued Saturday by a poll that showed the opposition Labour Party with a four-point lead over the ruling Conservatives. The swing was a blow to the Conservatives after nearly a month in which polls put them marginally ahead of Labour. The poll published in the Sunday Times gave Labour 43 per cent of voters' support, Conservatives 39 per cent, Liberal Democrats 14 per cent, Greens? per cent and other parties 2 per cent. Three weeks ago, the same ' gave the Conservatives a 2 per cent lead, and most polls have shown the Tories up to 5 per cent ahead, Market and Opinion Research International polied 1,063 voters on Thursday and Friday for the Sunday Times. The margin of error was 3 per cent. Conservative Party Chairman Chris Patten, commenting on the poll, said: "The longer things go on, the better our prospects. The polls are extremely volatile at the moment. I am extremely relaxed and so is the prime minister." Mr. Major can wait until summer to call an election, but the Labour Party is pressing for ballot now.

U.S. gunman surrenders after killing 1

SANDY, Utah (AP) - A man carrying dynamite and two guns shot and killed a nurse and took over a hospital maternity ward Saturday, police said. He gave up more than 17 hours later and freed nine hostages, including a baby born during the standoff. Police said Richard L. Worthington, a 39-year-old father of eight, said he went to Alta View Hospital to kill a doctor who had operated on his wife two years ago to prevent her from becoming pregnant again. "During initial negotiations he wanted his wife and the doctor, and he wanted to kill the doctor," said Salt Lake Police Sgt. Don Bell, part of a team of negotiators who talked with Worthington by telephone during the standoff. The doctor, obstetrician Glade Curtis, said Worthington had threatened him repeatedly since he performed surgery to tie the fallopian tubes of Worthington's wife, Karen. Curtis fled as the siege began. Worthington was arrested and held without bail at the Salt Lake City-country jail for investigation of aggravated murder, eight counts of aggravated kidnapping and "possession of an infernal machine," for possessing explosive materials. Bell said Worthing-ton maintained that he and his wife hadn't consented to the

Noriega trial turns political

MIAMI (AP) — Manuel Noriega's week-old drug trial shows signs of turning into a political black hole, dragging in governments and public figures from the United States to Colombia and from Israel to the Bahamas. The list is likely to grow. Prosecutors and defence attorneys are near an agreement to fly to Cuba to take a videotaped deposition from President Fidel Castro. And the defence has made no secret of its intention to claim top U.S. spies and Reagan administration officials were Gen. Noriega's political bed mates, especially when it came to aiding Nicaragua's contra rebels. The politicisation has overcome the efforts of U.S. District Judge William Hoeveler, who sternly lectured jurors and attorneys before testimony began. He told them to ignore political distractions and stick with the drug charges. "There will be nothing about this case that has anything to do with politics," the judge vowed. That was never realistic, says Jeffrey Weiner, head of the National Association of Criminal Defence Lawyers. "It would be extremely naive for anyone to believe this is not a political prosecution." he said. "It involves a head of state and a U.S. invasion of Panama. Politics is part of it.".

Divers recover 6 bodies in Tokyo tunnel

TOKYO (AP) — Divers Sunday recovered the bodies of six construction workers from a tunnel flooded four days before by heavy rains, police said. Another worker was missing. Rescue teams have been searching the flood tunnel under construction in Matsudo, east of Tokyo, where the seven workers were trapped when rains unleashed by tropical storm Luke flooded a nearby river, swamping the tunnel. The search for the remaining worker was suspended Sunday afternoon because the 17 divers were fatigued after working throughout the early morning to retrieve the six bodies, police said. The search was to resume Monday morning. Police said the missing worker was probably in the tunnel, but did not say there was a good chance he was alive.

Vietnamese shot dead in Hong Kong

HONG KONG (R) -- Police shot dead a Vietnamese man during refugee camps Sunday, a police spokesman said. Two Vietnamese armed with knives attacked a policeman sent to investigate an early morning brawl at Pillar Point Refugee Camp. He shot one dead and the other fled, the spokesman said. The dead was identified as 24-year-old To Van Lap. No further details were

Salvador rebels make compromise proposal

UNITED NATIONS (R) — Salvadorean rebel commanders apparently broke an impasse in U.N.-led peace talks by dropping a key demand that their forces be merged into the army, diplomats said Sunday. Rebels of the leftist Farabundo Martin National Liberation Front (FMLN), will settle instead for inclusion in El Salvador's police force providing there are enough international guarantees for their safety when the 11-year-old civil war ends. The revised proposals are among those being considered by Salvadorean government representatives in talks led by United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar, Negotiators are also working out how to deal with army officers and enlisted men accused of extreme human rights abuses, the diplomats said. "They are trying to come up with something on how to purge the army that the government would accept," an envoy told Reuters on condition of anonymity. Rebel spokesman Shafik Handal would say only that the talks had entered a complicated stage.

4 die in Mexican hostage drama

MEXICO CITY (R) - Three inmates and a guard have died when prisoners in a northern Mexican jail seized six hostages at gunpoint then staged a dashing breakout in jeeps, authorities said. Some 20 prisoners in a local jail in Guasave, a town in the state of Sinaloa some 1,100 kilometres northwest of the capital, seized the prison director, three guards and two Red Cross workers early Saturday, and in the process killed another guard, a government spokesman said. Authorities, bowing to the prisoners' demands, provided them with two Ram Charger jeeps in which they fled from the prison while still holding the hostages. "We let them go because we wanted to prevent a bloodbath of incalculable consequences," the spokesman, who asked not to be identified, said in a telephone interview. Some 250 police, staked out around the prison, set out in hot pursuit of the escapees by car and helicopter. Police opened fire on some of the convicts after they had abandoned their vehicle, killing three, the spokesman

Honecker reportedly seeks to return home

HAMBURG, Germany (AP) - Former East Germany Communist leader Erich Honecker has been in touch with the Bonn government through Russian middlemen about a possible return to Germany from Soviet exile, a magazine reported Saturday. The magazine, Der Spiegel, said the unidentified middlemen had asked on Honecker's behalf whether he could discuss conditions for a possible return to Germany with a Bonn official. Klaus Blech, Germany's ambassador to Moscow, has been instructed to get in contact with Honecker. "His orders are not to make any promises but to convince Honecker to return," Spiegel said. A Foreign Ministry spokesman in Bonn said he knew nothing about Spiegel's report. Honecker, 79 and reportedly in poor health, was spirited away to the Soviet Union from a Soviet military hospital outside Berlin in March to avoid arrest. He is wanted in Germany for issuing shoot-to-kill orders to border guards to stop east Germans from fleeing to the west. Honecker was east Germany's Communist leader for 18 years before his ouster in late 1989.

Trump, Maples have split up ... again'

NEW YORK (AP) — The onagain, off-again, on-again mance of Donald Trump and Maria Maples is off again, a newspaper reports. "I want to remain good friends with her. But it's time to step aside and look in other directions." Trump told the Daily News of New York in an article poblished Sunday. This is the second breakup for the duo, whose tow-year romance has been played out in public ever since Trump split with and di-vorced his wife, Ivana. After a one-week split between Trump and Maples in July, the couple reconciled and Trump gave Maples a 7.45-karat diamond en-gagement ring. "I was free for a week and I didn't like it," Trump said at the time. A wedding date was never announced. The newspaper said the couple split Friday night at Maples' Manhattan apartment after a shouting match that left Maples in tears. "Maria is just a wonderful, beautiful woman, very talented, with a terrific future as a model or actress," Trump told the News.

Scotland Yard burgled

LONDON (R) — London police have been embarrassed by the bizarre burglary of a full set of riot gear for their Scotland Yard headquarters. A police spokesman Saturday confirmed news-paper reports that a 25-year-old woman, apparently with a history of mental problems, had walked into the building in August and left with the riot gear. The woman's family found her modelling the outfit at home and returned it to their local police station. "Additional security measures have been taken," police spokesman said.

1 25

725 124

25 25 2

* 62 ℃

THE .

世次

32 2 3

......

21

1 200

252 cz

2:30

40

· 1-2-

Sey 25:

C...

EL TIEC

-27.5

Ice |

& - He

Pag. 14

₹≀;;;•

77.6

4.3

University honours **Duchess of York**

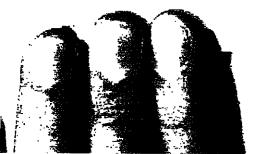
LONDON (R) — The Duchess of York, wife of Britain's Prince Andrew and budding author of children's books, gained double academic honours Friday when she was awarded a doctorate and made a university chancellor. The duchess wore gold-braided academic robes and mortar board to receive her honorary doctorate of letters and be installed in the largely ceremonial position of chancellor at Salford University in northern England. Her new comment in the British press, which pointed out that the duchess, the former Sarah Ferguson, went to secretarial college and did not attend university. The Today newspaper said she was best remembered at school for glueing a teacher to a chair. In fact, the duchess gained eight public examination passes as a teenager, far above the nation average, before attending Queen's Secretarial College in London. She became a publishing executive, learned how to fly a belicopter, and wrote a series of children's books about a helicopter called Budgie.

Nepai raises cost of climbing Everest

KATHMANDU (R) - In an attempt to stop litter piling up on, the roof of the world, Nepal announced Friday that charges for climbing Mount Everest will quadruple from March I new year. The new spring season charge, "in the interests of environmental conservation" will be a total of \$10,000 for the first nine climbers plus \$1,200 for each extra member of an expedition the Tourism Ministry said. This is up from the current flat rate for each team equivalent in Nepali rupees to about \$2,300.

South African town ... cancels rhino roast

JOHANNESBURG (R) - The publicity-hungry South African town of Christiana bit off more than it could chew when it announced plans this week to barbeque a rhinoceros. Town officials said they would hold the barbeque during an October wa-ter festival in the hope that the publicity would put Christiana on the tourist map. Instead, they found enraged critics suggesting that they should be roasted rather than the thino. On Saturday, town clerk Cornelius said: the barbeque had been cancelled. The Afrikaans-language Beeld newspaper quoted a source who said it was abandoned because of an outcry from animal. lovers across the country. The mino was due to be shot in-October by a paying American or European trophy hunter.



al corruption and greed.

mer who has piedged not to

accept more than \$100 from any

donor if he runs, Mr. Brown cal-

led for campaign finance reform.

